



RAJPUTANA GAZETTEERS.

VOLUME III-B.

THE WESTERN RAJPUTANA STATES RESIDENCY

AND

THE BIKANER AGENCY.

STATISTICAL TABLES

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ALLAHABAD  
THE PIONEER PRESS

1908



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**Corrigendum to the Western Rajputana States  
Residency and the Bikaner Gazetteer.**

**VOLUME III-B**

*Page 78.*—In the seventh and eighth lines of the last column of Table  
No. XLVIII for “recognised” read “reorganised.”





## STATISTICAL TABLES.



TABLE No I.

*The Western Rājputāna States Residency*

STATE	Area in square miles	POPULATION IN—			Normal <i>khālsa</i> revenue in thousands of Imperial rupees
		1881.	1891	1901	
mer .	16,062	108,143	115,701	73,370	1,00
ur .	34,963	1,757,618	2,528,178	1,935,565	56,00
.	1,964	142,903	190,836	154,544	3,50
				4,715	2,163,479
					60,50

wild tract in the south-east of  
 was roughly estimated at



TABLE No I.

*The Western Rājputāna States Residency*

STATE	Area in square miles	POPULATION IN—			Normal <i>khālsa</i> revenue in thousands of Imperial rupees
		1881.	1891	1901.	
Jaisalmer .	16,062	108,143	115,701	73,370	1,00
Jodhpur ..	34,963	1,757,618	2,528,178	1,935,565	56,00
Sirohi .	1,964	142,903	190,836	154,544	3,50
Total . . .	52,989	2,008,664	2,834,715	2,163,479	60,50

NOTE—In 1881 the Girāsias of the Bhākar, a wild tract in the south-east of Sirohi, were omitted altogether, in 1891 their number was roughly estimated at 2,800, and this has been included above

## TABLE No II.

*List of Political Agents (i) of Jodhpur, (ii) of Jodhpur and Jaisalmer and (iii) of the Western Rājputāna States also list of Residents, Western Rājputāna States.*

Names	Period	REMARKS.
Captain J Ludlow	1880-44	
Captain P S. French	1844-45	
Captain H H Greathed	1845-48	
Captain D A Malcolm	1848-51	
Lieutenant Colonel Sir R Shakespeare	1851-57	
Captain G H. Monck Mason	1857	(Officialing).
Major R Morrison	1857-58	(Ditto)
Lieutenant-Colonel W Anderson.	1858	
Captain J O Brooke	1858-59	(Ditto)
Captain J P Nixon	1859-65	
Captain E. C Impey	1865-68	
Lieutenant Colonel J C Brooke	1868-70	The first Political Agent of Jodhpur and Jaisalmer the charge of the latter State having been made over to him in 1869
Major E. C Impey	1870-73	
Major C K. M Walter	1873-77	
Major T Cadell	1877 78	
Captain D W K Barr	1878 79	







*List of Political Agents (continued).*

Name	Period	REMARKS.
Major T. Cadell ..	1879	The political charge of Jodhpur, Jaisalmer and Sirohi was amalgamated with the command of the Erinpura Irregular Force in 1879, and was styled the Western Rājputāna States Agency in 1880. The command of the E. I. F. was separated from the duties of the Political Agent in 1881, and in the following year the headquarters were moved from Erinpura to Jodhpur and the designation "Western Rājputāna States Residency" came into use.
Captain A. R. T. McRae	1879-80	
Major P. W. Powlett ..	1880	
Lieutenant-Colonel W. Tweedie	1880-81	
Lieutenant-Colonel P. W. Powlett.	1881-84	
Major C. A. Baylay .	1884	(Officiating)
Lieutenant-Colonel P. W. Powlett	1884-86	
Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Peacock.	1886	(Ditto)
Colonel P. W. Powlett .	1886-89	
Major W. Loch	1889	(Ditto).
Colonel P. W. Powlett	1889-92	

*List of Residents Western Rājputāna States (continued)*

Name.	Period	REMARKS.
Lieutenant-Colonel H B Abbott.	1892-93	(Officiating)
Lieutenant-Colonel W H. C. Wyllie	1893	
Lieutenant Colonel H B. Abbott.	1893-95	
Lieutenant-Colonel J H. Newill.	1895	(Ditto).
Mr A H. T Martindale	1895	(Ditto)
Lieutenant Colonel H B Abbott.	1895-97	
Mr A H T Martindale	1897-98	
Lieutenant-Colonel C. E. Yate.	1898	(Ditto)
Lieutenant-Colonel W H C. Wyllie.	1898-99	
Lieutenant-Colonel C. E. Yate	1899	(Ditto).
Lieutenant-Colonel W H C Wyllie	1899-1900	
Lieutenant-Colonel A P Thornton	1900-01	
Captain K D Erskine	1901-02	
Lieutenant-Colonel A. P Thornton	1902	
Major K. D Erskine	1902-03	
Lieutenant-Colonel R. H Jennings	1903-05	





*List of Residents, Western Rājputāna States (concluded)*

Name	Period	REMARKS
Major W R Statton	1905-08	
Mr. H V Cobb ..	1908	

NOTE I — The names of officers who merely held temporary charge of the current duties for short periods have been omitted

NOTE II — Jaisalmer was directly under the political charge of the Governor General's Agent from 1832 to 1869

NOTE III — Sirohi was, as a rule, under the political charge of an Assistant to the Governor General's Agent up to 1870, when it was placed under the Commandant of the Erinpura Irregular Force, this arrangement continued till 1881

TABLE No. III

*Rainfall—Jaisalmer town*  
(in inches)

YEAR.	June.	July	August.	September.	Remaining eight months.	Total for the year
Average of twenty three years ending 1905	0 73	2 04	1 82	0 65	0 94	6 18
1896	0 64	1 85	1 11		0 03	3 63
1897	0 18	2 11	5 28	2 49	1 07	11 13
1898	1 66	0 79		0 30	1 13	3 87
1899					0 26	0 26
1900		0 57	2 05	1 70	0 68	5 00
1901	0 02	3 14	0 30		0 11	3 66
1902	2 49	0 21	0 81	1 16	0 53	5 20
1903		2 30	1 19	0 30	0 40	4 19
1904	0 21		0 05		1 87	2 13
1905		0 08		2 68	0 89	3 65
1906	0 16	1 08	4 76	4 16	2 35	12 51
1907	0 32	2 15	5 23		1 80	9 50
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						







TABLE No IV.

*Rainfall in the districts of the Jaisalmer State.*  
(in inches)

YEAR	NAME OF RAIN-GAUGE STATION.				
	Bup	Devikot	Derna	Khābha,	Rāmgarh
1895	6 30	2 66	1 64	3 78	3 85
1896	4 86	6 56	1 13	2 99	0 90
1897 .. ..	11 00	7 19	11 25	10 77	6 48
1898	7 08	8 33	2 44	4 49	1 52
1899 . . .	1 57	0 70	1 39	...	.
1900	7 70	8 82	5 75	3 59	3 87
1901 .. .	4 74	4 13	2 13	4 80	2 75
1902 .. .	4 72	4 74	4 92	10 76	4 89
1903 . . .	7 04	6 53	2 73	7 07	7 74
1904 . . .	4 50	2 55	1 44	0 34	1 50
1905 . . .	0 96	1 90	4 14	3 37	2 34
* Annual average for above eleven years	5 49	4 91	3 54	4 72	3 25
1906 .. ..	10 42	9 05	10 45	7 32	8 64
1907	5 34	6 06	4 15	3 40	5 74
1908					
1909 . . .					
1910 . . .					
1911 .. .					

\* The average for Jaisalmer town for the same period was 4 16 inches

TABLE No V

*List of chiefs of Jaisalmer*

No.	Name	REMARKS.
1	Mangal Rao	Driven from the Punjab and settled in the Indian desert in the eighth century
2	Majra Rao	
3	Kehar I	Founded Tanot, the first desert-capital of the Bhattis.
4	Tano or Tanuji	
5	Bijai Rāj I	
6	Deorāj	The first to assume the title of Rājwal captured Lodrava from the Lodra Rājputs and made it his capital.
7	Mūnda	Is supposed to have married the daughter of Vallabharājā Solanki of Anhilwāra Pātan; the latter died in 1009
8	Wachuji or Bachera	
9	Dusaj	
10	Bijai Rāj II	Married the daughter of Siddharājā Jai Singh Solanki who is known to have ruled at Anhilwāra Pātan from 1093 to 1143
11	Bhojdeo	Founded the town of Jaisalmer about 1156 and made it his capital is said to have died about 1168
12	Jaisal	
13	Sālivāhan I	
14	Bijal	Elder brother of Sālivāhan I
15	Kailan	
16	Chāchukdeo I	
17	Karan Singh I	





*List of chiefs of Jaisalmer (continued)*

No	Name	REMARKS
18	Lākhan ...	A simpleton, allowed to rule for four years only.
19	Pūnpāl ...	
20	Jet Singh I ...	Said to have ruled from 1276 to 1294 and to have defended his capital for eight years against some Muhammadan army
21	Mulrāj I ...	Son of Jet Singh ; ruled for about a year and was killed when the above army took Jaisalmer (1295).
22	Dūda ...	Another son of Jet Singh ; he recovered the capital but lost it again to Alā-ud-dīn's army in 1306, and was killed in that battle.
23	Gharsī ...	A nephew of Mulrāj ; he had been captured at the first siege and taken to Delhi, where he gained the king's favour ; was permitted to return to Jaisalmer and re-established the State ; was assassinated about 1335.
24	Kehar II ...	A grandson of Mulrāj ; he is said to have ruled from 1335 to 1395.
25	Lachhman .	A son of Kehar ; inscriptions at Jaisalmer mention him as ruling in 1402 and 1416
26	Bersī .	A son of Lachhman , he is mentioned in inscriptions at Jaisalmer as the ruler in 1436 and 1440.
27	Chāchikdeo II .	Mentioned in an inscription in a temple at Jaisalmer dated 1448 as ruling in that year.
28	Devī Dās (or Devī Karan).	Mentioned in an inscription at Jaisalmer as ruling in 1479.

*List of chiefs of Jaisalmer (continued).*

No	Name	REMARKS.
29	Jet Singh II	Mentioned in an inscription at Jaisalmer as occupying the <i>gaddi</i> in 1524 and 1528
30	Karan Singh II	
31	Lunkaran	Mentioned in the <i>Tabakāt-i-akbarī</i> as having opposed Humāyūn in his march across the desert in 1541
32	Māldeo	A son of Lunkaran; said to have been alive in 1555
33	Har Rāj	Mentioned in the <i>Beg-lār nāmāh</i> as receiving a deputation from Sind headed by Khān : Zamān
34	Bhīm	A son of Har Rāj, mentioned in an inscription at Jaisalmer as the ruler in 1616. He was a <i>mansabdar</i> of 500 according to the <i>Ain-i Akbarī</i> and the father in law of Jahāngīr according to the emperor himself ( <i>Tuzak-i-Jahāngīrī</i> ); died in 1624
35	Kalyān Dās	Was appointed governor of Orissa in 1610 according to the <i>Ain-i Akbarī</i> . Jahāngīr writes that he made him a commander of 2 000 in 1616 and called him to court and invested him as Rājwal in 1626
36	Manohar Dās	
37	Rāmchandra	
38	Sabal Singh	Was not the legitimate heir to the <i>gaddi</i> but received Jaisalmer from Shāh Jahān as a reward for services rendered at Peashāwar ruled from 1651 to 1661.
39	Amar Singh	Ruled from 1661 to 1702
40	Jaswant Singh	Dispossessed of some of his lands by the Rāthors and by Dāud Khān







*List of chiefs of Jaisalmer (concluded)*

No	Name	REMARKS.
41	Budh Singh .	
42	Tej Singh ...	
43	Akhar Singh .	Ruled from 1722 to 1762 ; established a mint at his capital in 1756 ; lost more land to Bahāwal Khān, son of Dāud Khān and founder of Bahāwalpur
44	Mulrāj II ..	Ruled from 1762 to 1820, a puppet in the hands of his minister, the infamous Sālun Singh, concluded treaty with the British in December 1818
45	Gaj Singh ..	The grandson of Mulrāj, ruled from 1820 to 1846 and assisted Government with camels in the first Afghān war
46	Ranjit Singh .	Nephew of Gaj Singh, whom he succeeded by adoption, died June 1864.
47	Bairi Sāl ..	Younger brother of Ranjit Singh, whom he succeeded by adoption ; installed October 1865 and died March 1891.
48	Sālīvāhan II	Adopted by the widows of Bairi Sāl ; was born in June 1887, educated at the Mayo College, and is the present Mahārāwal

Since this table was compiled I have received Mr Bhandarkar's *Report of a second tour in search of Sanskrit manuscripts made in Rājputāna and Central India in 1904-05 and 1905-06* (Bombay, 1907) According to inscriptions found by him in certain temples at Jaisalmer, Mulrāj I (No 21) was succeeded by his brother, Ratan Singh, and they together "righteously protected the earth as did Lakshman and Rāma of old" Mulrāj had a son called Deorāj, the father of Kehar II (No 24); one inscription mentions him as the chief of the State just after Gharsi (or Ghata Singh), but the popular idea is that he died of fever during the siege of Jaisalmer at the end of the thirteenth century.

TABLE No VI

*Population Jawahar State 1881, 1891 and 1901*

DETAILS	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns	1	1	1	In 1881 there were 20,955 persons who did not return their religion it is probable that about 4 000 were Animists and the rest mostly Hindus.
" " villages	413	396	471	
Total population	108,148	116 701	78,870	
Number of males	61,127	62 699	39 889	In 1891 the 3,936 Bhils were classed as Hindus but they are shown in this table as Animists because the tribe was considered as such at the census of 1901.
" " females	47,016	58,002	38,981	
" " Hindus	57,484	80,804	51 990	
" " Musalmans	28,032	29 448	18 648	
, Animists,		3 936	1 551	
, Jains	1 671	1,518	1 178	
Urban population	10 965	10 509	7 187	
Population per square mile.	6 78	7 20	4 57	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i) between 1881 and 1891	-	+6.99
(ii) 1881 1901	-	-32.15
(iii) " 1891 1901	-	-38.59





TABLE No VII

*Population of Jaisalmer State in 1901 by districts or hukūmats.*

Name of <i>hukūmat</i>	Approximate area in square miles	Number of		Total population	Density per square mile (approximate)	Percentage of variation in population between 1891 and 1901
		Towns	Villages			
Bāp ...	700		21	7,791	11.13	—44.8
Bārāwa-Burli ..	700	...	9	1,124	1.60	—15.2
Devikot ...	800	...	38	4,725	5.90	—63.1
Dewa ..	1,200	...	27	3,063	2.55	—5.4
Fatehgarh .	700	.	37	5,670	8.11	—25.2
Jaisalmer .	1,200	1	57	12,790	10.66	—31.7
Khāra-Khūlā ..	1,000	..	16	3,787	3.78	—18.9
Kishangarh ...	400	...	1	403	1.01	—30.3
Lākha ...	262		17	3,951	15.08	—30.1
Mayājlar ...	800	..	10	2,226	2.78	—31.8
Mohangarh-Nāchna	2,200	..	19	5,021	2.28	—25.2
Nokh ...	2,100	.	72	11,803	5.62	—51.4
Rāmgarh .	400		10	2,112	5.28	—32.1
Sām-Khābha ..	1,700	.	33	4,650	2.73	—30.9
Shāhgarh-Ghotāru	1,600	.	100	3,734	2.33	—20.1
Tanot ...	300	.	1	511	1.70	—45.1
Total for State ...	16,062	1	471	73,370	4.57	—36.59

TABLE No VIII.

*Average retail prices (in seers per rupee) of certain food grains, pulses and salt in Jaisalmer since 1884.*

PERIOD	Wheat.	Gram.	Bājra	Jowār	Salt
1884—90	11 5	13 8	15 3	17 1	22 7½
1891—1900 (excluding years of famine)	10 2	12 1	13 4	14 9	21 0
1901	9 5	9 5	13 6	14 7	21 0
1902	11 1	11 9	13 3	14 2	21 0
1903	11 1	12 0	15 2	16 5	21 0
1904	11 8	13 5	15 9	17 5	21 0
1905	9 3	10 8	12 1	13 1	21 0
1906	9 5	10 8	11 3	12 6	21 0
1907	11 0	11 0	12 11	14 10	21 0
1908					
1909					
1910					
1911					

The figures (up to and including the year 1906) have been taken from the latest issue of *Prices and Wages in India* those for 1907 have been obtained locally







TABLE No IX

*List of leading nobles of the Jaisalmer State*

Name of estate	Title of holder	Clan and reg. of holder	Approximate annual income	REMARKS
			Rs. (British)	
Bikampur . .	Rao .	Bhātī (Barsang)	5,850	All these receive the double <i>tāzīm</i> , i.e. the Mahārāwal rises both on their arrival and departure.
Birsilpur	Do	Do (Khān).	6,150	
Bāru .	Thākur	Do (Dwārka-dāsot)	1,300	
Gehun or Baiya	Do ...	Do (Udān Singhot)	510	
Girājsar ..	Do	Do (Barsang)	1,300	
Jhunjimāli .	Do .	Do. (Udān Singhot)	960	
Khuri	Do	Ponwār (Sodha)	1,150	
Nawatāla .	Do	Bhātī (Prithwī-rājot)	770	He is the <i>pradhān</i> or hereditary office-bearer, entitled to a seat behind the chief on an elephant on State occasions.
Rindha .	Do	Do (Tejmalot)	770	
Satyāya .	Do	Do. (Sakant Singhot)	385	
Chelak	Do .	Do (Prithwī-rājot)	230	

Among the Rājwīs or near relatives of the chief may be mentioned Thākurs Mān Singh of Eta and Sheodān Singh, both members of Council; Thākur Sultān Singh of Nāchna, and Thākur Dān Singh of Lāthī (the Mahārāwal's brother)

TABLE No X.

*Jaisalmer Jail.*

YEAR.	JAIL POPU LATION		Daily average number of sick.	Number of deaths.	Rate of mor- tality per 1,000.	REMARKS.
	Daily Average.	Maxi- mum on any one day				
1894	46	66	7			The jail through- out this period (1894—1907) had accommoda- tion for 88 pri- soners
1895	38	48	6			
1896	46	61	8	3	65	
1897	41	57	3			
1898	45	60	2	1	22	
1899	51	88	3	5	88	
1900	42	66	8	12	283	
1901	53	89	4	1	19	Cost of mainten- ance about Rs. 1,600
1902	73	95	6	6	83	Do. about Rs. 2,500
1903	52	64	3	4	77	Do Rs 1,200
1904	54	70	4	1	18	Do Rs 1,200
1905	46	60	3	2	43	Do Rs 1,400
1906	33	58	2	2	61	Do Rs 1,100
1907	27	42	1	1	36	
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						





TABLE No. XI.

*Schools in the Jaisalmer State, 1905-06.*

Locality	Class	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS
Jaisalmer ..	Anglo-vernacular primary.	94	59.2	Cost about Rs. 1,100 (British)
Do .	Vernacular primary	60	30.3	Cost about Rs. 100 (British)
Bap ..	Do	26	17.3	Cost about Rs. 80 (British)
Three State schools . .		180	106.8	Cost about Rs. 1,280 (British).

The Administration Report for 1906-07 has since been received. The same three schools were maintained, but the number of pupils on the rolls fell to 156 and the daily average attendance was only 87. The expenditure was about Rs. 1,000.

There are several institutions of the indigenous type maintained by private individuals and communities, but no returns are available.

TABLE No XII.

*Jaisalmer Hospital.*

YEAR.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED			DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF		Number of operations per formed.	REMARKS
	In door	Out-door	Total.	In patients.	Out patients.		
1892		3 857	3 857		60	199	Opened as a dispensary on the 15th April 1892
1893		4 897	4 897		47	198	
1894		4 117	4,117		45	175	
1895	31	4 427	4 458	3	40	210	Accommodation provided for four male in-patients.
1896	33	4 449	4 482	4	48	255	Beds for two female in patients added
1897	33	4 618	4 651	3	51	256	
1898	51	4 046	4 097	4	47	268	
1899	62	5,058	5 120	4	69	318	
1900	40	9 157	9 197	3	101	312	
1901	24	4,230	4 254	3	70	250	
1902	26	4 803	4 829	3	74	302	
1903	30	4 182	4,212	2	66	257	
1904	43	3 981	4 024	3	64	306	
1905	31	4,086	4 117	3	66	248	
1906	27	8 760	8,787	3	132	242	
1907	30	7 010	7 040	3	87	287	
1908							
1909							
1910							
1911							







## BLE No XIII

*Vaccination in the Jaisalmer State*

YEAR	NUMBER OF			Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population	REMARKS
	Vaccinators employed	Vaccinations performed	Successful vaccinations performed		
					Rs
1890-91 ..	2	175	150	1 39	Expenditure 56
1891-92	2	248	154	1 33	„ 96
1892-93 .	2	654	583	5.04	„ 165
1893-94	4	1,822	1,721	14 87	„ 228
1894-95	4	3,218	3,124	27 00	„ 227
1895-96 ..	4	2,420	2,388	20 64	„ 251
1896-97 ..	4	1,199	1,188	10 27	„ 256
1897-98	4	1,757	1,721	14 87	„ 282
1898-99 .	5	2,334	2,297	19 85	„ 459
1899-1900 .	5	2,432	2,365	20 44	„ 656
1900-01 ...	5	2,188	2,105	18 19	„ 607
1901-02 .	4	1,619	1,517	20 68	„ 562
1902-03 ...	5	1,702	1,663	22 67	„ 619
1903-04 .	5	1,143	1,101	15 01	„ 599
1904-05 .	5	1,112	1,104	15 05	„ 610
1905-06	3	844	818	11 15	„ 511
1906-07 ..	2	996	965	13 15	„ 480
1907-08					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					

TABLE No XIV

*Temperature—Jodhpur City**(Observatory 782 feet above sea-level.)*

MONTH	AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR NINE YEARS ENDING 1903			
	Daily mean	Mean maximum	Mean minimum	Mean daily range
January	62.7	76	49.4	26.6°
February	66.7	80.5	53	27.5°
March	77.6	91.7	68.5	28.4°
April	87.8°	101.7	73.2	28.5
May	94.2	107.3	81°	26.3
June	93.9	105.3°	82.2	22.8°
July	90	99.1	80.9°	18.2
August	87°	95.3	78.7	16.6°
September	86.4	96.2	76.6	19.5
October	88	97.4	68.2°	29.5°
November	74.5	89.8°	59.4	30.5°
December	66.7	80.1	53.4	25.6°

NOTE.—The observatory was opened on the 10th October 1896. The highest temperature recorded has been 120.9 on the 10th June 1897 and the lowest 27.9 on the 29th January 1906.





TABLE No XV.

*Temperature at Jodhpur city, Pachbhadra, and Sāmbhar.*

Observatory		AVERAGE			
		Daily mean	Mean maximum	Mean minimum	Mean daily range
Jodhpur	.	80.9°	93.4°	68.3°	25°
Pachbhadra	...	80°	94°	65°	29.9°
Sāmbhar	...	76.9°	90.3°	65.3°	24.8°

TABLE No XVI

*Rainfall—Jodhpur City*  
(in inches)

YEAR.	June.	July	August.	September	Remaining eight months.	Total for the year
Average of twenty six years end ing 1905	1 30	3 78	4 43	1 90	1 35	12 76
1896	3 88	3 83	4 24		0 53	12 48
1897	0 10	2 90	8 25	2 22	2 07	15 54
1898		6 86		2 40	1 64	10 40
1899	0 43			0 53		0 96
1900	1 33	1 50	5 43	6 49	1 47	16 22
1901	0 31	5 23	2 36		0 20	8 10
1902	2 13	0 83	3 16	1 27		6 39
1903		8 82	6 68	4 43	1 19	20 12
1904	1 23	1 58	0 89	1 84	1 31	6 85
1905	0 60	1 07		1 02	0 47	3 16
1906	0 16	3 94	1 75	3 06	2 25	11 16
1907	0 04	1 70	8 07		1 72	11 53
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						







TABLE No. XVII.

*Rainfall at certain places in the Jodhpur State*  
(in inches)

Locality	Annual average	RE MARKS
Dīdwāna .	14 52	In the north-east; average for 21 years
Mārot .	14 61	" " " 15 "
Nāwa . .	13 24	" " " 15 "
Sāmbhar	19 96	" " " 21 "
Parbatsar	13 82	" " " 15 "
Merta	14 12	" " " 15 "
Jaitāran .	13 53	" east; " 15 "
Bilāra .	15 11	" " " 15 "
Sojat ..	14 40	" " " 15 "
Pāli .	13 29	" " " 22 "
Desuri ...	15 99	" south-east; " 8 "
Bāli .	18 07	" " " 15 "
Jālor .	12 53	" south; " 15 "
Jaswantpura	18 43	" " " 15 "
Sānchor ..	13 54	" " " 15 "
Gūrha .	8 81	" " " 13 "
Siwāna	9 43	" centre, " 15 "
Jasol ...	10 02	" " " 22 "
Pachbhadra	11 27	" " " 25 "
Jodhpur city	12 76	" " " 26 "
Nāgaur .	11 77	" north; " 15 "
Phalodi	7 52	" north-west; " 21 "
Sānkra ..	6 30	" " " 15 "
Shergarh	8 92	" west; " 15 "
Sheo .	6 99	" " " 15 "
Bārmer . .	9 15	" " " 22 "
Chhotan	8 22	" south-west; " 13 "

## TABLE No. XVIII

*List of chiefs of Mārwar or Jodhpur*

No.	Name.	Date remarks, etc.
1	Siāhji	A relation of Jai Chand of Kanauj; he migrated to Mārwar, and conquered Kher in the Mallāni district about 1212
2	Asthān	Son of Siāhji took Idar from the Bhills, and gave it to his brother Soning
3	Duhar	
4	Rai Pāl	
5	Kanhal or Kan Pāl	
6	Jalhan	
7	Chhada	
8	Thida	
9	Salkha	
10	Viramdeo	
11	Chonda	Took Mandor from the Parihārs about 1381 and made it his capital he died in 1408 or 1409
12	Kanha	These two are not mentioned in all the chronicles. Kanha is said to have ruled for five, and Satta for four years
13	Satta	
14	Ran Mal	Assassinated in 1444 while attempting to usurp the throne of the infant Rānī Kūmbha of Mewār Some say he immediately succeeded his father Chonda.
15	Jodha	Ruled from 1444 to 1488 founded Jodhpur city in 1459, and transferred thither the seat of government.





*List of chiefs of Jodhpur (continued)*

No	Name	Date, remarks, etc.
16	Sātal . ..	Ruled 1488—91 ; was killed in a battle with the <i>Sūbahdār</i> of Ajmer.
17	Sūja or Sūraj Mal	Ruled 1491—1516 ; met his death in a fight with the Pathāns at the Pipār fair.
18	Ganga ...	Ruled 1516—32 , sent his quotas to fight under Rānā Sangrām Singh of Mewār against Bābar in 1527
19	Māldeo . ...	Ruled from 1532 to 1562 or, as others say, till 1568—69 ; fought with Sher Shāh (1543—44), and subsequently with Akbar He was by far the most potent Hindu prince of his time.
20	Chandra Sen ...	
21	Udai Singh	Ruled 1581—95 ; was the first to hold the title of Rājā (his predecessors were styled Raos), and was nicknamed by the Musalmāns the <i>Motā</i> (or stout) <i>Rājā</i>
22	Sūr Singh .	Ruled 1595—1620 ; served with great distinction under the princes Murād and Dāniyāl in Gujarāt and the Deccan
23	Gaj Singh .	Ruled 1620—38 ; served with even greater distinction than his father, Sūr Singh, and was rewarded with the viceroyalty of the Deccan, besides land and titles
24	Jaswant Singh I ...	Ruled 1638—78 ; was the first to hold the title of Mahārājā He was the bitter enemy of Aurangzeb, whom he served as viceroy in Gujarāt, Ajmer, the Deccan, and Kābul ; he died at Jamrūd

*List of chiefs of Jodhpur (concluded.)*

No.	Name	Date remarks, etc
25	Ajit Singh	The posthumous son of Jaswant Singh ; ruled 1679—1724. Aurangzeb overran his country, but, on the emperor's death he recovered all his possessions, including, for a time, Ajmer. He was murdered by his son Bakht Singh.
26	Abhai Singh	Ruled 1724—50 ; was viceroy of Gujarāt and Ajmer and in the former capacity suppressed the rebellion of Sarbuland Khān and captured Ahmadābād.
27	Rām Singh	Ruled 1750—52 ; expelled by his uncle Bakht Singh.
28	Bakht Singh	Ruled for about a year, and was then poisoned.
29	Bijai Singh	Ruled 1758—93. In his time there was constant fighting with the Marāṭhas.
30	Bhīm Singh	Ruled 1793—1803.
31	Mān Singh	Ruled 1803—43. Up to 1817 Amīr Khān plundered the country. A treaty was concluded with the British Government in 1818.
32	Takht Singh	Adopted from Ahmadnagar ruled 1843—78.
33	Jaswant Singh II	Eldest son of Takht Singh ; ruled 1873—95. was created a G.C.S.I. in 1875, and his personal salute was increased from 17 to 21 guns. he raised two regiments of cavalry for the defence of the Empire (1889—93).
34	Sardār Singh	Succeeded his father Jaswant Singh on 11th October 1895 having been born on 11th February 1880 ; is the present Mahārāja.







TABLE No. XIX.

*Population, Jodhpur State, 1881, 1891 and 1901.*

DETAILS	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns.	*3,785	27	27	Including the town of Sām-bhar, which is under the joint jurisdiction of the Jodhpur and Jaipur Darbārs
Number of villages.		4,205	4,030	
Total population.	1,757,618	2,528,178	1,935,565	These figures include <u>half</u> the population of the town and district of Sām-bhar
Number of males.	973,065	1,329,478	1,015,531	
Number of females.	784,553	1,198,700	920,034	The preceding remark applies also to these figures with the reservation that the religions of the inhabitants of Sām-bhar are not available for 1881 In that year Animists were classed as Hindus throughout the State
Number of Hindus	1,421,891	2,108,764	1,606,046	
Number of Musalmāns	155,802	180,612	149,419	
Number of Jains	172,404	167,353	137,393	
Number of Animists		71,004	42,235	
Number of Christians.	207	210	224	
(a) European and Eurasian.	*	125	113	
(b) Native	*	85	111	
Urban population	*	275,132	256,694	
Population per square mile	50	72	55	

\* Separate figures not available

Percentage of variation in population—

(i) between 1881 and 1891

(ii) " 1881 " 1901

(iii) " 1891 " 1901

..	+43 8
.	+10 1
..	-23 4

TABLE No XX

*Population, Jodhpur State, 1901*

District or talukdar	Area in square miles	NUMBER OF		POPULATION		Population per square mile	Percent age of variation in population between 1891 and 1901
		Towns	Villages.	Total	Urban		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dall } Godwār	837	1	100	98,194	5 180	115	-23
Desuri }	706	1	160	67,764	9 621	96	
Bildra	792	3	88	57,794	15 480	73	-33
Dūlwāna	1,180	1	113	44,642	9 410	30	-18
Jaitāran	969	2	116	67,733	8,137	71	-23
Jālor	1,552	1	252	140,880	7 443	90	-17
Jaswantpura	1,360	1	109	83,370	4,545	61	-25
Jodhpur	2,896	2	370	235,461	79 109	81	-28
Mallāni	5,750	1	464	172,330	6 064	30	-23
Mārot	496		109	54,873	..	110	-3
Merta	1,618	1	370	142,854	4,301	88	-31
Nāgaūr	2,008	4	420	167,759	30 060	64	-33
Nāwa	302	2	12	24,060	16,389	83	-21
Pachbhādra	854	2	106	39,427	8 312	46	-26
Pāli	1,024	1	80	43,889	12,073	43	-26
Parbatsar	840		165	87,137		104	-17
Phalodi	2,624	2	71	69,019	19,246	23	-17
Sāmbhar	160	1	6	7,438	5 430	47	-10
Sānchor	1,776		231	70,401	..	40	-27
Sānkra	1,279	1	71	25,960	7 125	20	+158
Sheo	2,004	..	65	24,406	..	12	-10
Shergarh	1,456		80	56,921	..	39	-20
Siwāna	760		113	53,031		71	-17
Sojat	1,172	1	212	100,833	11 107	94	-23
State Total	34,063	27	4,030	1,935,565	250,694	55	-23.44

The Nāwa and Sambhar districts have since been amalgamated





TABLE No. XXI.

*Agricultural statistics, Jodhpur State, in square miles approximately.*

YEAR	AREA				Culturable waste other than fallow	Current fallows	Net area cropped	AREA IRRIGATED FROM				Total irrigated area	REMARKS		
	Area for which re- turns exist	Under forests	Not available for culti- vation	Culturable waste other than fallow				Current fallows	Net area cropped						
										canals	tanks			wells	other sources
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			
1898-99	4,320	107	675	165	1,606	1,160	164	3	181		202	Statistics are available only for the greater portion of the <i>habas</i> area. Column 1 includes not only land absolutely unfit for cultivation, but also land reserved for pasture, and plantations intended for publication in 1900 and the forest left unassessed. Column 5 represents unoccupied agricultural waste, and the figures in column 6 are the difference between the areas of lands occupied by individuals and of the actually cultivated by them.			
1899-1900	4,320	107	675	165	3,024	12	34	292	292	237	173				
1900-01	4,320	107	675	165	1,819	1,247	121	91	122	1	77				
1901-02	4,320	107	675	165	2,031	1,035	111	24	62	25	83				
1902-03	4,320	107	675	165	2,094	972	4	1	56	263	170				
1903-04	4,320	107	675	465	2,074	1,012	4	1	111		63				
1904-05	4,856	265	722	763	2,092	1,011	11	11	574						
1905-06	4,924	265	702	781	2,618	523	13	34	173		51				
1906-07	4,957	265	707	786	2,276	924	134	7	924	12	125				
1907-08															
1908-09															
1909-10															
1910-11															

TABLE No. XXII

Areas under the principal crops, Jodhpur State, in acres.

Years.	FOOD GRAINS AND PULSES.										Oil-seeds.		Total area cropped.	Area cropped more than once.	Net area cropped.	Remarks.		
	Rajm.	Jowar.	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram.	Musta.	Other.	Oil-seeds.										
								Til.	Other.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1898-99	—	278,346	152,461	68,383	24,777	16,597	8,532	102,805	88,082	2,122	13,173	287	416	26,261	928,969	3,312	921,437	This Table deals with the same area as Table XXI. The other figures in (column 8) are various as 11 millets and such pulses as soyab, arhar, etc. included in column 14 are cereals and spars, sugarcane, fodder crops, and orchard and garden produce.
1899-1900	—	1,170	249	7,325	6,262	91	75	6,000	72	17	1,152	17	27	4,478	26,787	—	26,787	
1900-01	—	207,262	126,410	56,708	20,078	19,480	8,803	186,526	52,618	2,003	11,286	269	206	11,003	602,266	4,422	597,836	
1901-02	—	238,429	97,502	80,040	18,728	9,237	7,321	126,323	26,269	419	4,968	24	116	2,064	602,496	7,261	602,174	
1902-03	—	221,362	80,381	20,280	18,185	6,461	7,752	106,128	29,879	608	8,223	4	969	4,320	631,991	—	631,991	
1903-04	—	275,000	96,623	21,786	18,086	11,263	4,845	124,787	42,321	126	7,340	—	111	7,610	617,866	—	617,866	
1904-05	—	223,448	91,867	25,206	12,641	261	4,719	106,144	40,263	421	11,416	—	72	21,808	649,272	—	649,272	
1905-06	—	154,872	60,626	13,479	12,462	1,006	5,727	62,823	9,240	126	4,874	—	62	26,140	237,714	—	237,714	
1906-07	—	261,712	96,468	26,145	16,865	6,463	5,261	64,132	29,870	973	5,472	—	67	44,868	641,259	—	641,259	







TABLE No XXIII.

*The average daily wages (in annas) of skilled and unskilled labour at certain places in the Jodhpur State.*

Labour	Jodhpur	Nagaur	Soyat	Merta	Didwana	Panchbhutra	Pali	Nawa	Remarks
	As	As	As	As.	As	As	As	As.	
I—(SKILLED LABOUR)									
Blacksmith	..	8	7	1	6	4	4	6	
Carpenter	..	5	6	5	5	1	6	7	
Dyer	.	8	6	4	1	3	10	6	
Goldsmith	.	10	8	8	8	6	10	8	
Mason	...	6	5	6	6	4	5	7	
Painter	..	4	4	4	4	..	4	5	
Stone-dresser	.	4	6		...	5	..	5	
Tailor	.	4	6	4	4	4	5	6	
Weaver	..	4	8	.	4	...	1	6	
II—(UNSKILLED LABOUR).									
Camelman	.	8	8	6	8	12	8	12	
Cartman		8	8	6	8	12	8	12	
Coolie	.	2	3	2	2	3	3	4	
Waterman	.	3	4	2	2	8	4	3	

TABLE No XXIV

*Prices in seers (80 tolas) per rupee in the Jodhpur State*

YEAR.	Wheat.	Barley	Bajra	Jowar	Gram	Salt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Average 1873—80	18 9	20 2	17 7	19 2	17 3	40 6
1881—90	15 1	20 9	18 4	20 1	19 4	14 9
1891—1900	12 1	17 6	15 4	16 8	17 1	18 1
1901	11 1	15 7	15 8	16 7	14 5	13 5
1902	11 1	14 9	13 4	14 7	13 7	13 9
1903	11 8	16 7	15	18 9	15 2	16 1
1904	14 7	20 1	16 8	20 3	18 5	16 5
1905	11 7	15 4	14 3	15 3	14 8	16 5
1906	11	13 7	12 7	14 1	12 2	16 6
1907	11 2	15 9	15 5	16 5	14 5	16 6
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

This table (up to the year 1906) has been compiled from the official publication styled *Prices and Wages in India*. In working out the average prices for the decade ending 1900 the years of acute famine (1899 and 1900) have been omitted. The figures for 1907 have been supplied by the Darbār.





TABLE No. XXV

*Prices of staple food grains at Jodhpur city (in seers and chittaks per rupce)*

MONTH.		Wheat.		Bājra		Jowār		Maize		REMARKS
		Srs	ch	Srs	ch	Srs	ch	Srs	ch	
April	...	12	13	16	1	17	12	14	5	The figures are the averages for the last ten years, omitting the years of acute famine (1899-1900 and 1900-01).
May	..	12	1	15	11	17	2	14	7	
June	...	11	11	14	9	16	3	13	12	
July	...	12	11	14	1	15	7	13	9	
August	...	11	11	14	9	16	1	13	3	
September	.	11	10	14	8	13	9	13	9	
October	...	12	10	14	1	15	13	16	9	
November	...	11	5	13	11	16	9	16	4	
December	.	11	7	14	4	16	8	17	1	
January	...	11	8	15	1	16	14	17	3	
February	...	11	10	15	1	16	15	17	9	
March	..	11	15	15	8	16	8	17	7	

TABLE No XXVI

*The Jodhpur Bikaner Railway (Jodhpur section)*

DETAILS.	1891	1901	1906	1906.	1907
Mileage open to traffic.	247	454 94	463 89	463 89	463 89
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Capital outlay to end of year	41,87,110	1 17,24,890	1,22,63 74	1,22,77 015	1,27,43,482
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Gross working expenses.	2,78,475	8 52,257	8,14,960	8,67 837	9,75,904
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Net revenue	3 34,364	7 14 836	11 01,294	12,23,531	11,64,748
Percentage of net revenue on capital	7 99	6 10	8 98	9 67	9 14
Number of passengers carried	396 271	844,891	958 620	934 292	1,119,468
Tons of goods carried	144,946	180 490	202,510	239 765	221 183
Number of live stock carried.	223	2 372	2 342	2,254	2 376







TABLE No. XXVII.

*List of Imperial post and telegraph offices in the Jodhpur State  
in 1907*

OFFICE.		Class.	RE MARKS
Jodhpur ...	...	Head office.	
Sāmbhar	...	Ditto	Also telegraph office
Bālotra ...	...	Sub-office.	" "
Bārmer ...	...	"	" "
Didwāna ...	.	"	
Erinpura Road	...	"	
Jodhpur ..	...	"	
Kuchāwan	.	"	
Makrāna	..	"	
Mārwar Junction	..	"	Also telegraph office.
Merta .	..	"	
Mündwa ...	...	"	
Nāgaur ...	...	"	
Pachbhadra Salt Lines		"	
Pāli ...	...	"	
Phalodi ...	...	"	
Sojat ...	...	"	Also telegraph office.
Sojat Road	.	"	
Ahor ...	.	Branch office	
Anandpur Kālū -	..	"	

*List of post offices in the Jodhpur State (continued).*

OFFICE.	Class.	REMARKS
Asop	Branch office	
Awā	"	
Bagri	"	
Bāli	"	
Bari Khātā	"	
Baru	"	
Baru	"	
Bhagn ..	"	
Bhākri	"	
Bhinmāl ..	"	
Bhinwālia	"	
Bilāra	"	
Bisalpur	"	
Borāwar	"	
Borsu	"	
Chānod	"	
Chandāran	"	
Chandāwal	"	
Degāna		
Desuri		
Dhadeshwar		





*List of post offices in the Jodhpur State (continued)*

OFFICE		Class	RE MARKS
Dūnāra ...	...	Branch office.	
Fālma ...	..	"	
Gāchhīpura	...	"	
Gadra Road	.	"	
Gangāni ...	...	"	
Ghānerao	..	"	
Ghatwa .	.	"	
Gothan ...		"	
Gūrha ...	.	"	
Haripur ...	..	"	
Harsor ...	..	"	
Jāel ..		"	
Jaitāran ...	..	"	
Jālor ...	..	"	
Jasol ...	..	"	
Jaswantgarh	...	"	
Jaswantpura	...	"	
Jawālia ...	...	"	"
Khajwāna	...	"	"
Khichan ...	...	"	"
Khinwasar	...	"	"

*List of post offices in the Jodhpur State (continued)*

OFFICE.	Class.	REMARKS.
Kolia	Branch office.	
Kuchāwan Road	"	
Kuchera	"	
Lādnum	"	
Lohāwat	"	
Lūni	"	
Mērot	"	
Maulāsar	"	
Merta Road	"	
Mori	"	
Nādol	"	
Nāna	"	
Nārāyanpura	"	
Paohbhadra	"	
Parbatsar	"	
Pipār	"	
Pipār Road	"	
Pokaran	"	
Rāmāin	"	
Ren	"	
Rian	"	







*List of post offices in the Jodhpur State (concluded)*

Office	Class	Remarks
Rid ... ..	Branch office	
Rol ... ..	"	
Sadri ... ..	"	
Sālawās ... ..	"	
Samdari ... ..	"	
Sānchor . ... ..	"	
Sānderao ... ..	"	
Sānkra ... ..	"	
Sheo ... ..	"	
Shergarh ... ..	"	
Siwāna ... ..	"	
Takhtgarh ... ..	"	
Tivri ... ..	"	

TABLE No. XXVIII

*List of the twelve senior nobles of Jodhpur*

Name of estate.	Sept of the Rāthor clan to which the holder belongs.	APPROXIMATE ANNUAL		REMARKS.
		income of estate	tribute paid to the Darbār	
		Rs.	Rs.	
Pokaran	Champāwat	1,00 000	5,929	All have the title of Thākūr; and the Thākūr of Pokaran is the premier noble ( <i>pradhān</i> ) of the State.
Awā		30 000	1,280	
Asop	Kūmpāwat	30 000	3 120	
Rian	Mertia	36 000	2 888	
Raipur	Udāwat	68 000	3 364	
Rās	"	60 000	3 180	
Nimāj		70 000	2,208	
Kharwā	Jodha	30 000	2,270	
Alniawās	Mertia	11 000	1 088	
Bhadrajan	Jodha	45 000	2,556	
Agewa	Udāwat	12 000	880	
Kantālia	Kūmpāwat	16,000	1 144	

At a *darbār* the Champāwats and Kūmpāwats sit to the right, and the Jodhas Mertias and Udāwats to the left of the Mahārāja. Among the first three Thākurs in the above list, the earliest arrival takes precedence (on the right) and the same is the case with the next five (on the left). The last four Thākurs occupy the first seat (on the right or left, as the case may be) only when none senior to them in their group attends the assemblage.





TABLE No. XXIX.

*Jodhpur Central Jail.*

PARTICULARS	1881	1891	1901	1905	1906	1907
Average daily population						
(a) Male ... ..	..	796	890	1,004	934	677
(b) Female ... ..	.	44	32	79	68	49
Total ..	157	840	922	1,083	1,002	726
Maximum population on any one day.	...	956	1,268	1,170	1,120	929
Daily average number of sick	14	21	10	7	15	12
Number of deaths ...	4	35	14	16	11	8
Rate of mortality per 1,000	25	42	15	15	11	11
		Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs	
Expenditure on jail maintenance	.	41,668	39,714	44,241	33,348	
Cost per prisoner ..		31	40	40	26	
Profits on jail manufactures.		3,729	569	1,771	1,789	

In 1891 the jail had accommodation for 600 prisoners (552 males and 48 females), and in 1901 and subsequent years for 862 prisoners (788 males and 74 females) The figures relating to expenditure and profit on manufactures are for the official years 1891-92, 1901-02, etc.

TABLE No. XXX.  
Education in the Jodhpur State

Institutions.	1891-92.				1901-02.				1904-05				1906-06			
	Number of		Daily average		Number of		Daily average		Number of		Daily average		Number of		Daily average	
	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.	Institutions.	Scholars.
PUBLIC.																
Arts College ..	..	..	..	1	16	13	1	25	21	1	33	33	1	33	33	33
High school ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..
(a) Upper secondary section	..	13	..	7	..	227	..	16	..	..	18	..	..	18	..	..
(b) Lower secondary section	..	37	183	..	33	..	..	30	440	..	25	492	..	25	492	492
(c) Primary section	..	836	..	253	..	..	..	528	..	..	528	..	..	528	..	..
(d) Telegraphy class	..	34	16	..	36	23	..	31	20	..	31	15	..	31	15	15
Anglo-vernacular primary schools	7	301	213	10	513	412	10	640	474	13	907	686	13	907	686	686
Vernacular primary schools	21	827	579	19	700	500	19	940	737	31	1,535	1,246	31	1,535	1,246	1,246
Girls' schools ..	1	76	44	1	62	50	1	40	44	1	97	63	1	97	63	63







Special schools ...	2	42	23	2	30	20	1	40	25	2	59	37
Surveying class	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of public institutions	32	1,665	1,057	34	1,718	1,321	33	2,319	1,761	49	3,261	2,570
<b>PRIVATE</b>												
Aided schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	629	384	4	619	371
GRAND TOTAL	32	1,665	1,057	34	1,718	1,321	37	2,948	2,145	53	3,880	2,941

The figures for 1891-92 and 1901-02 are not quite complete for the following reasons. Included among the vernacular schools are five in Mallāni in 1891-92 and four in 1901-02, but nothing is known regarding the number on the rolls of, or the daily average attendance at, any of these institutions in either of the above years. Similarly, the special schools were the Sanskrit school and the Powlett noble's school in 1891-92, and the Sanskrit school and the Elgin Rājput school in 1901-02, but information as to attendance, etc., is available only for the Sanskrit school. The Elgin school was amalgamated with the Darbār high school in 1903-04, leaving only one special institution (the Sanskrit school) in 1904-05, but the nobles' school was re-established in the following year. The surveying class was held at the College, and hence has not been treated as a separate school; it was abolished in 1904.

TABLE No XXXI

*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906*

Locality	Class or name of school.	Maintained by	Number on rolls.	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Agori	Asa Rām Mārwarī <i>posh</i>	Private	80	..	
Ahor	Mūl Chand: "	..	75	..	
"	Shankar Lal	..	33	..	
"	Punam Chand	" "	90	..	Aided.
Alāna	Kishan Rām:	..	25	..	
Anandpur Kāhu	Bālmukand: "	" "	60	..	
Asop	Bhīm Rāj	..	6	..	
"	Jog Rāj:	" "	13	..	
Badgaon	Bālig Rām:	" "	30	..	
Bagri	Ranchhor Dās	" "	60	..	
Bāli	Lakshman Dās	" "	40	..	
"	Jets	" "	35	..	
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	112	85	
Bālotra	Anglo-vernacular primary	"	48	33	
"	Asa Rām Achal Dās Mārwarī <i>posh</i>	Private	80	..	Aided.
Bānkli	Shankar	" "	25	..	
Bānta	Fateh Rāj	"	40	..	
Baru	Sheo Dās: "	" "	24	..	
Bārmer	Rām Baksh	..	90	..	Aided.
"	Mohan Lal:	"	65	..	"
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	46	28	
Baru	Rāmdhant Mārwarī <i>posh</i>	Private	25	..	
	Lādu Rām	" "	35	..	
Bera	Rōp Bijal	..	20	..	
Bhadandi	Saddasukh:	" "	40	..	





## List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Bhagwān dās-ka-gūrha	Primary vernacular	Darbār ...	14	12	
Bhainswāra	Hira Lāl Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	Private	15	.	
Bhākra	Sawai Chand "	" ...	40	...	
Bhākri	Har Nārāyan "	" .	30	...	
"	Musalmān Madrasa (Urdu)	"	20	..	
Bhāmnero	Ganesh Rām Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	" ...	35	..	
Bharūnd	Ota Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	"	25	.	
Bhāvi	Primary vernacular	Darbār	31	24	
Bhīmāl	" " "	" "	49	48	
"	Chhoga Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	Private ...	30		
Bijāpur	Padam Sāgar "	"	15	...	
Bilāra	Fateh Chand "	" ...	7		
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	70	59	
Binjwa	Sri Lāl Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	Private .	60		
Bisalpur	Hira Lāl " .	" .	45		
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	65	34	
Bolūnda	Baddri Dās Mārwarī <i>posāl</i>	Private	25		
"	Mukand Dās "	" .	20	...	
Borāwar	Dhan Rāj "	"	15		
Borsu	Rām Chand "	" .	35		
Busi	Umed Rāj "	" .	40		
Chandāwal	Lāl Bijai "	"	15		
Chandrai	Savd Bijai "	"	30	..	
Chansira	Multān "	" .	40	.	

## List of schools in the Jodhpur State 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school.	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Chhotan	Karnidhan Mārwarī pośāl	Private ..	50		
"	Primary vernacular	Darbar ..	30	17	
Chitalwāra	Gani Rām Mārwarī pośāl.	Private ...	20	"	
Dāyalpura	Tāra Chand "	" ..	15	...	
Deoli	Sukhdeo	...	12	"	
Desuri	Shoo Nārāyan: "	...	50	"	
Dhamri	Tāra Chand "	" ..	95	...	
Dhorimāna	Gokul Chand:	" ..	15		
Dhūnadiya	Ratanesahwar: "	...	10	"	
Didwāna	Dwārka Dās	" ..	90	"	
	Rāmnāth: "	" ..	25	...	
"	Parmeswari Dās	" ..	30	"	
"	Musalman madrasa (Urdu.)	" ..	25	"	
"	Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbar ...	31	21	
"	Primary vernacular	" ..	45	42	
Ghānerao	Hanwant B & M Mārwarī pośāl.	Private ..	60		
Gol	Tilak Chand "	" ..	50	...	
Goran	Nārāyan Dās "	" ..	25	...	
Gūndoj	Udal Rāj: "	" ..	7	"	
Gūrha Balotān	Dhūla Rām:	...	40		
Gūrha Bhagwān-dās.	Pukh Rāj: "	" ..	11	...	
Gūrha (Mallāni)	Primary vernacular	Darbar	24	21	
Hadecha	Maya Chand: Mārwarī pośāl.	Private ...	30	"	
Harji	Sukhdeo:	" ..	60		







*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued).*

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS
Harnāwa	Paras Rām Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i> .	Private	30		
Harsor	Budh Lāl	"	20		
Haryālī	Eswara	"	16		
Jāel	Rādha Kishan	"	30		
Jaitūran	Mohan Lāl	"	20		
"	Beni Rām	"	15		
"	Sukh Rāj	"	15		
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	46	23	
Jūlor	Anglo-vernacular primary	"	42	31	
"	Durgū Shankar Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private	72		Aided.
Jasol	Pohkar Dās Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	"	60		"
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	35	37	
Jaswantpura	"	"	24	21	
Jawālia	Baldeo Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private	20		
"	Bālmukand	"	35		
Jodhpur	Rām Lāl	"	59		
"	Rodhi Dās	"	130		
"	Zalim Chand	"	150		
"	Ghūsī Rām	"	100		
"	Bijai Rām	"	125		
"	Gobardhan Dās	"	75		
"	Sheo Rāj	"	115	...	
"	Rām Dās	"	100	...	
"	Gulāb Dās	"	60	...	
"	Chunni Lāl	"	52		
"	Chānd Mal	"	90		

## List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Jodhpur	Danrāj Mārwardi postl.	Private ..	40	..	
"	Mul Chand	" ..	125	..	
"	Megh Rāj:	" ..	50	..	
"	Khumān Dhard	" ..	28	..	
"	Khem Rāj:	" ..	60	..	
"	Hari Chand:	" ..	10	..	
"	Training school ..	" ..	25	..	
"	Sardār school anglo-vernacular middle	Oswāl Mahājans	281	182	Aided.
"	Bumer school anglo-vernacular primary	Mālis	62	54	
"	Vedīc pāthshālā ..	Brimāli Brāhman.	50	41	"
"	Islāmī madrasa (Arabic Persian and Urdu).	Muhamma dan community	99	50	"
"	Sir Pratāp school, anglo-vernacular primary	Kāyasth community	41	..	
"	Anglo-vedīc pāth shālā (primary).	Brimāli Brāhman.	35	..	
"	Fals Muhammad school (Arabic, Persian and Urdu).	Muham mada n community	85	..	
"	Jaswant College ..	Darbar ..	34	32	
"	High School ..	" ..	656	519	
	Elgin Rājput board- ing house.	" ..			
	Branch school (an- glo-vernacular).	" ..	97	83	
	Hindi pāthshālā	" ..	180	126	
"	Sanskrit " ..	" ..	31	24	





*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued).*

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS
Jodhpur	Nobles' school ..	Darbār .	12	9	
"	Hewson girls' school	"	93	78	
"	Mission girls' school	United Free Church of Scotland	136	...	
Kālu	... Primary vernacular	Darbār	55	61	
Kantālia	Udai Chand Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private	30		
Kataoti	... Jivrāj ..	"	30	...	
Kakoin	... Gobardhan Dās ..	"	50	.	
Rhajnāna	... Lakshmi Nārāyan Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	"	12	...	
"	... Primary vernacular	Darbār ..	30	18	
Khākra	Ganesh Rāj · Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private ..	10	..	
Khārcāi	.. Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbār ...	27	24	
Khārda	... Bālī Rām · Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private .	20	.	
Khārīya	... Tulsī Dās ..	"	18		
Kharwā	... Jograj ..	"	50		
Khātu-Khurd	Bikam Chand ..	"	65		
Khejarla	... Kesri Chand ..	"	12		
Khinwal	Trihuban Nāth Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	"	60		
Khinwasar	.. Chhoga ..	"	16		
Khudāla	.. Shankar Lal ..	"	36		
Kolia	Rāmdhan .	"	50	..	
Kesma	.. Tilok Chand .	"	11		
Koslawa	Bhagwan Bapā ..	"	30		

## List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school.	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance.	REMARKS
Kuchāwan	Khūbi Rām : Sanskrit <i>pāthshālā</i>	Private ..	38		
"	Jaleshwar Prasad : primary vernacular		50	—	
"	Rāmnāth : Mārwarī <i>poshl</i>		15		
"	Musalman <i>madrassa</i> (Persian and Urdu).		50	—	
"	Ghulam Muhammad : <i>madrassa</i> (Persian and Urdu.)	"	20	"	
Kuchera	Primary vernacular	Darbar ..	43	29	
"	Nawal Ohand Mārwarī <i>poshl</i> .	Private	22	—	
"	Ranhalya Lal :		10	—	
Lādlya	Harī Baksh Mārwarī <i>poshl</i>		37	—	
Ladmun	Raghunāth Dās : Mārwarī <i>poshl</i>		10	—	
"	Nand Lal : Mārwarī <i>poshl</i>	"	70	—	
"	Ganesh Prasad : Mārwarī <i>poshl</i> .	"	37	—	
"	Sheo Prasad : Mārwarī <i>poshl</i> .		40	—	
"	Bādhū Rām Mārwarī <i>poshl</i>		20		
"	Sohan Lal : anglo-vernacular primary		20	—	
Lāmbia	Moti Ohand Mārwarī <i>poshl</i> .	"	40	—	
Lohāwat	Chanth Mal	"	20	—	
"	Primary vernacular	Darbar ..	44	23	
Malwāra	Bhagwan Dās Mārwarī <i>poshl</i> .	Private ..	20	—	
Mānda	Gumāni Rām :	"	20	—	
Mandāna	Mathura Prasad:	"	15	—	







*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)*

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Mandaola .	Sewa Rām Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private .	30	...	
Mārot ..	Dāyal Rām Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	"	25	...	
" ..	Primary vernacular	Darbār ...	32	36	
Mathūnian	Har Nārāyan Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private ...	32	...	Aided
Menda ,	Shankar Lāl , "	"	20	...	
Mengalwa .	Chaita Rām "	"	35	...	
Merta ...	Anglo-vernacular primary.	Darbār ...	64	37	
Merta Road	" " .	"	25	28	
Modāra ..	Mūla Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private ..	15	...	
Morsin .	Dhaurāj "	"	40	...	
Mūndaora ...	Sidh Karan "	"	50	...	
Mūndwa ..	Jagannāth .	"	60	...	
"	Jamuna Dās "	"	60	"	
" ...	Gangā Bishan ,	"	30	"	
" .	Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbār ...	20	14	
Nādol ..	Purshotam Mār-wāri <i>posāl</i>	Private	20	...	
Nagar .	Sobhīg Mal .	"	15	"	
Nāgaūr .	Pūsa Rām .	"	72	...	Aided.
" ...	Sheo Rāj .	"	33	"	"
" ..	Ghīsa Rām :	"	40	"	"
" ...	Chām Rām ;	"	200	"	
" ...	Rām-akū :	"	20	"	
" ...	Chhetan Dās "	"	20	"	
" ..	Masālīnī ... (Persian and Urdu)	Muhammadian community	50	"	

## List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attend- ance.	REMARKS
Nāgaūr ..	Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbhār	151	116	
Nāna ..	Fauj Rāj Mārwārī pośāl	Private ...	40	...	
Nānoro ..	Bantokh Dās: ..	"	20	...	
Nāriāl ..	Primary vernacular	Darbhār ..	52	48	
Nāwa ..	Anglo-vernacular primary	"	60	48	
" ..	Murlidhar Mārwārī pośāl	Private	30	..	
Nīmā] ..	Raghunāth :		50	..	
Nīmbl kalān ...	Bahar Mal	"	55	..	
Oalān ...	Lādu Rām: "		30		
Pachbhadrā ...	Bukhdeo: "	"	3	..	
" ...	Rāmnāth	"	20	...	
" ...	Shāmbhārī Lal anglo-vernacular primary		2	..	
" ...	Primary vernacular	Darbhār	83	26	
Paderi ...	Ratna: Mārwārī pośāl	Private ..	31		
Padu ...	Kishan Dās		50	...	
" ...	Primary vernacular	Darbhār ..	15	9	
Palāni ...	Rām Pratāp: Mār wārī pośāl	Private ...	12	...	
Pālī ...	Pāsa Rām	"	80	..	
" ...	Lāl Chand :	"	51	..	
" ...	Danlat Rām: "	"	16	..	
" ...	Ganpat Rām "		20	...	
" ...	Musalimān madrasas (Arabic, Persian and Urdu).	Muhamma- dan com- munity	45	..	
" ...	Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbhār	109	91	





*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)*

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS
Parbatsar	Primary vernacular	Darbār	24	31	
Phalodi	Anglo-vernacular primary	"	84	57	
"	Punam Ch and · Mār-wāri posāl	Private ...	150		Aided
"	Jamuna Dās Mār- wāri posāl	"	50	.	
"	Ajai Rām "	"	40	..	
"	Sheo Deo :	"	30	.	
"	Ratan Lāl "	"	15	...	
"	Thak Chand "	"	40	.	
Pipār	Nanu Rām ·	"	30	...	
"	Jogrāj "	"	33	...	Aided.
"	Musalman madrasa (anglo-oriental).	Mu h a m - m a d a n commu- nity.	103	...	
"	Maheeri school anglo vernacular primary	Maheeri M a h ā- jans	82	...	
Pokaran	Anglo vernacular primary	Thākur of Pokaran	20		
Raipur	Primary vernacular	Thākur of Raipur	30		
Rajabas	Salig Ram Mār- wāri posāl	Private	10	.	
Ramsan	Rama "	"	25	.	
Rani	Pratap "	"	35		
Rambhira (Kalan)	Tojā "	"	35	-	
Rid	Sri Lal ·	"	25		
Robat	Pratap Mal :	"	15	...	
Rol	Sita Rām "	"	55	...	
"	Primary vernacular	Darbār	10	6	

## List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (continued)

Locality	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Sādrī	Anglo-vernacular primary	Darbar	43	28	
	Baldeo Mārwarī postl.	Private ..	60	..	
"	Banal Lal :	"	00	..	
Sāmbhar	Rām Krishna :	"	50	..	
	Primary vernacular	Darbar	48	45	
Sānchor		"	20	20	
"	Bathu : Mārwarī postl.	Private ..	18	..	
		"	20	..	
Sānthu	Mitha Lal :	"		..	
Sāthīn	Chhatar Sagar :		8	..	
Sayāla	Ratan Chand		40	..	
Sewāri	Primary vernacular	Darbar	49	45	
Shao	" "		12	18	
Shergarh	"	"	23	18	
Shrīna	Nagrāj Mārwarī postl.	Private ..	60	..	
"	Rāwal Zora :	"	30	..	
Siwāna	Primary vernacular	Darbar ..	87	73	
Sojat	Anglo-vernacular primary		111	96	
"	Aryā school Anglo-vernacular	Aryā Samāj	45	..	
"	Chattu Mārwarī postl.	Private ..	70	..	
"	Bhajan Lal		40		
"	Muslimān madrasa (Persian and Urdu)	Muslimān community	15	..	
"	Deo Shankar : Vedic postl.	Private..	53	..	







*List of schools in the Jodhpur State, 1906 (concluded).*

Locality.	Class or name of school	Maintained by	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS
Takhtgarh . .	Budh Rām, Mār-wāri posāl	Private .	52		
" .	Parmanand "	"	52	.	
Thūnwāla ..	Gobardhan Dās Mār-wāri posāl	"	50	.	
" ...	Primary vernacular	Darbār	32	27	
Tivri ...	Amarnāth Mār-wāri posāl	Private ..	50	.	
Toshina .	Bhūra Rām "	"	25	.	
Vāgra ...	Sahans Karan "	"	40		
Visala . .	Rūp Chand "	"	35	...	
Zab ...	Akhar Rāj "	"	12		
" .	Mānji Rām "	"	20	.	

Grand total 262 schools with 11,997 pupils on the rolls

TABLE No XXXII.

*Hospitals and dispensaries in the Jodhpur State*

PARTICULARS	1881	1891	1901.	1906	1907
Number of hospitals and dispensaries	10	22	31	32	33
Number of patients treated	(a) 21 005	(b) 66 168	175,400	210 625	204,553
Daily average number of—					
(a) In-patients	(a) 36	(b) 62	(c) 104	134	130
(b) Out-patients	(a) 265	(b) 610	(c) 952	1,465	1 489
Number of operations per formed	(a) 1 446	(b) 4 386	(d) 7 466	7 544	7,981
	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	
Expenditure by the Darbār	6 138	18,376	42 470	47 886	

(a) Excluding figures for the Salt Department hospitals at Didsāna and Pachbhadrā, which are not available.

(b) Excluding figures for the Mission and Imperial Service hospitals and the Residency dispensary, which are not available.

(c) Excluding figures for the Mission hospital at the capital and the Rājputāna Mālwa Railway dispensary at Sojat Road, which are not available.

(d) Excluding such operations as may have been performed at the institution last mentioned





TABLE No XXXIII.

*List of hospitals and dispensaries in the Jodhpur State in 1906*

Hospital or dispensary	Maintained by	Accommodation for in-patients	Number of cases treated	DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF		Number of operations performed
				In-patients	Out-patients	
Bāli hospital ..	Darbār	6	4,486	29	381	179
Bārmer ..	"	4	5,518	38	513	219
Bhatki ..	Salt Revenue Department	8	200	03	25	1
Bhīnmāl ..	Darbār	6	4,208	35	51	109
Bilāra ..	"	8	6,926	36	47	360
Desuri ..	"	1	3,924	32	212	118
Dīdwāna ..	"	4	4,246	47	337	203
" ..	Salt Revenue Department	8	782	11	124	25
Jālor ..	Darbār	8	5,014	27	387	312
Jasol ..	"	2	5,648	46	465	274
Jodhpur —						
(i) Hewson hospital .	"	75	19,946	408	1349	916
(ii) Jaswant hospital for females	"	50	4,381	111	461	374
(iii) Mission hospital .	United Free Church of Scotland	40	45,907	93	1165	842
(iv) Jail hospital .	Darbār	44	236	73	377	84
(v) Imperial Service cavalry hospital	"	18	975	42	182	42
(vi) Branch hospital ..	"	8	4,863		423	213
(vii) " dispensary .	"		19,464		1619	555
(viii) Railway " .	"		2,791		203	
(ix) Residency " .	Government of India		1,879		184	52

*List of hospitals and dispensaries (concluded).*

Hospital or dispensary	Maintained by	Accommodation for in-patients.	Number of cases treated.	DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF		Number of operations performed
				In patients.	Out-patients.	
Mārwār Junction dispensary	Darbār	—	2,611	—	18·8	70
Merta hospital	"	0	7 774	3·5	45·9	425
Merta Road dispensary	"	—	2,333	—	17·8	88
Nāgaur hospital	"	0	0,842	4·5	56·6	209
Nāwa "	"	4	5,503	4·9	51·4	517
Pachbladra "	Salt Revenue Department	9	2,311	1·1	5·6	74
Pali "	Darbār	11	12,455	3·1	112·9	400
Phalodi "	"	3	2,334	2·5	23·1	68
Pokaran dispensary	Thākūr of Pokaran	—	444	—	17·7	7
Sāmbhar hospital	Salt Revenue Department	20	3 672	4·2	78·2	174
Sānchor "	Darbār	4	2,032	3·5	14·8	87
Sojat "	"	4	5,567	3·8	43·0	359
Sojat Road dispensary	Rājputāna Mālwā Railway	—	14,613	—	40	70
Thirty-two medical institutions	...	360	210,525	133·7	1465·3	7,544

Complete returns for 1907 have since been received. The establishment of a police hospital at Jodhpur city raised the total number of institutions to 33, containing 875 beds. Altogether 204,563 cases were treated and 7,981 operations were performed. The daily average number of in patients was 130·4 and of out-patients 1488·8.







TABLE No. XXXIV.

*Vaccination in the Jodhpur State.*

PARTICULARS	1881	1891-92	1901-02	1905-06	1906-07.
Number of vaccinators employed.	11	86	31	21	22
Number of vaccinations performed	19,664	84,313	33,456	54,635	53,496
Number of successful vaccinations.	18,830	82,764	33,288	54,580	53,336
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	10·7	32 7	17 2	28 2	27·5
Total expenditure..	Rs.1,709	10,983	4,715	3,850	3,991
Cost per successful case (in pies).	17	25	27	14	14

TABLE No. XXXV

*Temperature, Mount Abu.—(Observatory 3,945 ft above sea-level )*

YEAR.	JANUARY		MAY		JULY		NOVEMBER.	
	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.
Average for twenty five years ending 1901	58 7°	15 3	79 5	17 3	70 6°	9 5	66 1°	15 7
1902	52 1	15 1°	80 0	16 3	74 2°	13 5°	66 3°	14 1
1903	57 5	13 3	80 8°	15 9	74 0	11 5	64 0	15 3
1904	58 4	13 4	80 3°	16 5	68 9	9 3	66 3	13 5
1905	54 9	14 0	84 6	15 8	70 1°	8 0	68 1	13 9
1906	55 8	14 2	81 8	16 7	70 6	6 9	67 4	14 5
1907	61 3	14 6	77 3	16 7	73 2	12 0	67 2	14 6
1908								
1909								
1910								
1911								





TABLE No XXXVI

*Temperature—Mount Abu*

PARTICULARS	Average for 1877- 1899.	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906.	1907	1908.
Average mean maximum	76 2°	76 4°	76 8°	77 6°	75 5°	76 0°	74 5°	74 0°	75 1°	
Average mean minimum	61 8°	63 1°	63 1°	63 7°	62 1°	62 3°	61 3°	61 7°	61 7°	
Average mean daily	69 0°	69 2°	69 4°	70 2°	68 2°	68 8°	67 9°	67 9°	68 4°	
Mean daily range	14 4°	13 3°	13 7°	13 9°	13 4°	13 7°	13 2°	12 3°	13 4°	
Highest record- ed	101 0°	100 2°	98 2°	95 4°	94 2°	94 2°	97 7°	96 2°	91 4°	
Lowest record- ed.	30 9°	37 0°	36 0°	45 1°	36 0°	37 7°	32 0°	41 0°	45 4°	

TABLE No XXXVII.

*Rainfall—Mount Abu*  
(in inches.)

YEAR.	June	July	August.	September.	Remaining eight months.	Total for the year
Average of thirty six years ending 1906	4 67	21 20	18 10	10 38	2 95	57 30
1897	0 42	20 25	20 87	13 40	2 99	57 93
1898	3 00	19 45	1 63	6 25	3 38	33 71
1899	4 33	1 02	0 47	4 47	1 13	11 49
1900		7 31	20 57	20 37	1 54	49 79
1901	0 89	8 94	7 66	0 49	1 29	19 27
1902	2 36	2 40	13 62	10 44	1 67	30 49
1903	0 10	23 72	17 97	4 89	1 08	47 74
1904	0 97	9 33	2 26	1 07	3 75	17 38
1905	0 42	26 97	1 46	9 49	0 14	38 48
1906	7 39	12 64	22 61	25 66	3 52	71 82
1907	3 65	8 53	61 13	2 58	3 15	79 04
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						







TABLE No XXXVIII

*Rainfall—Siropu town*  
(in inches.)

Year	June	July	August	September	Remaining eight months	Total for the Year
Average of twenty-three years ending 1906	2.66	6.72	5.28	3.53	1.50	19.69
1897 ..	0.30	7.83	5.35	6.28	0.85	20.61
1898 ...	2.59	5.91	...	4.18	1.62	14.60
1899 ...	3.20	0.85	...	0.25	1.45	5.75
1900 ..	..	5.61	10.14	6.57	4.15	26.50
1901 ...	..	1.17	3.83	...	0.21	5.51
1902 ...	0.36	1.10	3.56	5.27	0.29	10.58
1903 ..	...	8.46	3.68	1.63	2.68	16.45
1904 ...	2.82	4.37	2.38	0.10	1.62	11.29
1905 ...	...	5.43	1.26	4.87	...	11.56
1906 ...	0.45	5.34	8.53	7.97	1.12	23.41
1907 ..	0.10	2.84	26.12	0.28	3.98	33.32
1908 ...	..	...	...	...	...	...
1909 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1910 ...	.	...	..	...	...	...
1911 ..	...	.	.	...	...	..

TABLE No. XXXIX

*Rainfall—Erinpura cantonment.*

(in inches.)

YEAR.	June.	July	August.	September	Remaining eight months	Total for the year
Average of twenty-seven years ending 1906	2.28	5.09	5.13	3.35	1.61	18.06
1897	2.41	9.04	5.96	3.76	0.39	21.56
1898	0.80	6.39	0.87	3.11	1.11	12.28
1899	5.36	0.33		0.06	1.45	7.20
1900		3.46	14.79	8.88	1.33	28.46
1901	0.10	1.75	3.89	1.15	0.56	7.45
1902	0.27	1.63	5.70	8.85	0.10	16.55
1903		8.95	5.19	2.08	0.94	17.16
1904	1.40	5.02	3.19	0.01	2.69	12.31
1905	0.31	3.34	1.74	6.23		11.62
1906	1.12	5.20	5.07	2.76	0.95	15.10
1907	0.16	3.18	18.28	0.22	2.24	24.08
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						





## TABLE No XL

*List of the Chauhāns of Sāmbhar and Ajmer from whom the chiefs of Būndī, Kotah and Sirohi are descended*

No	Name	REMARKS.
1	Chāhmān ...	Said to have ruled at Ahichhatrapur on the Ganges.
2	Vasudeo ..	
3	Sīmant Rāj ..	Came to Sāmbhar in the eighth century.
4	Jai Rāj ..	Son of 3
5	Vīgraha Rāj I ..	" " 4.
6	Chandra Rāj I ..	" " 5
7	Gopendra Rāj ...	" " 5
8	Durlabha I	" " 7.
9	Chandra Rāj II ..	" " 8.
10	Guwak .	" " 9
11	Chandan Rāj .	" " 10.
12	Wākpatī Rāj I ... <i>alias Mānik Rai.</i>	" " 11; his younger son, Lakshman Rāj or Lākhan, migrated to Nādol (in Jodhpur) about the middle of the tenth century, and is the ancestor of the Būndī, Kotah and Sirohi houses
13	Singh Rāj ...	Elder son of 12; ruled at Sāmbhar in 950.
14	Vīgraha Rāj II ...	Son of 13; was alive in 973.
15	Durlabha II .	" " 13.
16	Govinda ...	" " 15
17	Wākpatī II ...	" " 16.

*List of the Chauhāns of Sāmbar and Ajmer (concluded)*

No	Name.	REMARKS.
18	Virya Rām	Son of 17; said to have been killed by Bhoja of Dhār
19	Durlabha III	Son of 18
20	Vigraha Rāj III	" " 18.
21	Prithwi Rāj I	" , 20.
22	Ajai Pāl or Ajā	, " 21 founded Ajmer at the end of the eleventh or the beginning of the twelfth century was alive in or about 1130
23	Anā or Arno Rāj	Son or grandson of 22 built the Anāgar embankment at Ajmer and was alive in 1149
24	Jaga Deo	Eldest son of 23 whom he killed he did not rule long
25	Visaldeo or Vigraha Rāj IV	Expelled his brother (24) was alive in 1163 conquered Delhi from the Tonwars
26	Amargangae	Son of 25 succeeded as a child
27	Prithwi Deo or Prithwi Bhat or Prithwi Rāj II	Son of 24 turned out his cousin (26) and died about 1169
28	Someshwar	A younger brother of 24 and 26 it is doubtful if he ever ruled
29	Prithwi Rāj III	Son of 28 the last Hindu king of Delhi (1169-93) His son was made Rājā of Ajmer by the Muslims, but was turned out by his uncle Hari Rāj, who later on committed suicide.







TABLE No. XLI

*List of the Chiefs descended from the Land of Jala from whom the chiefs of the Bāṇḍi, Kōṭah and Nāḍol are descended*

No.	Chiefs	Remarks.
1	Lokānaya Rāj or Lāḷhan ...	Younger son of Wāṇpati Rāj I of Sīmbhar, (see No. 12 in Table XI, p. 4); he migrated to Nāḍol (in Jodhpur), and was alive in 982.
2	Shābhat or Sāḷaya ...	Son of 1
3	Bāl Rāj ...	" " 2
4	Agrahā Pāl ...	" " 3
5	Meṇendra ...	" " 4.
6	Anhal ...	" " 5
7	Bālā Prāsād ...	" " 6.
8	Jendra Rāj ...	Brother of 7.
9	Prithwī Pāl ...	Son of 8
10	Jogalla ...	Brother of 9; was alive in 1090.
11	Rai Pāl ...	Son of 10, was alive in 1113.
12	Aarāj ...	Younger brother of 9 and 10.
13	Alhan ...	Eldest son of 12, was alive in 1161. His younger brother was Mānik Rai, the ancestor of the Bāṇḍi and Kōṭah chiefs.
14	Kelhan ...	Eldest son of 13; was alive in 1167
15	Gaj Singh ...	Brother of 14.
16	Kirtti Pāl or Keytu ...	Brother of 15; took Jālor (in Jodhpur) from the Paramāras, and made it his capital.

*List of the Chauhan rulers of Nādol and Jdlor from whom the chiefs of Bāndi, Kotah and Sirohi are descended (concluded)*

No.	Name	REMARKS.
17	Samar Singh	Son of 16; was alive in 1185
18	Udai Singh	Son of 17, fought with Shams-ud-din Altamsh, and was alive in 1249
19	Chāchik Deo	Son of 18; was alive in 1276 his uncle (or as some say younger brother) Mān Singh or Mahā Singh was the ancestor of the Sirohi house—see Table No. XLII below
20	Sāmānt Singh	Son of 19 was alive in 1295.
21	Kānar Deo	Son of 20, lost his kingdom to Alā ud-din in the beginning of the fourteenth century





## TABLE No XLII

*List of chiefs of Sirohi*

No	Name	REMARKS
1	Mān Singh I or Mahā Singh	The ancestor of the house; he lived in the middle of the thirteenth century, and was either a brother or one of the younger sons of Rao Uдай Singh who ruled at Jālor.
2	Pratāp Singh <i>alias</i> Deorāj ..	A son of Mān Singh and the founder of the Deora sept of Chauhāns
3	Bijad or Bigarjī .	
4	Lūmbha ... ..	He took Chandrāvati and Abu from the Paramāras about 1303, and is said to have died in 1321
5	Tej Singh ... ..	He is mentioned in an inscription at Achalgarh dated 1330
6	Kānar Deo ... ..	He is mentioned in an inscription at Gao Mukh dated 1337
7	Salkha ... ..	
8	Rin Mal or Rur Mal ...	
9	Sobha, also called Sheo Bhān	He founded the old town of Sirohi in 1405
10	Sains Mal .. ..	He built the present town of Sirohi in 1425, and died about 1451
11	Lākha . . . .	The Musalmān historians apparently call him Khatia Deora. He is said to have forcibly expelled Rānā Kūmbha of Mewār from Abu because the latter, having taken shelter there from the army of Kutb-ud-dīn of Gujarāt, declined to leave the hill although the hour of danger had passed, this is supposed to have happened in 1456-57.

*List of chiefs of Sirohi (continued).*

No.	Name	REMARKS
12	Jag Mal	He fought on the side of Rāṅg Rai Mal of Mewār against one of the kings of Delhi—presumably Bahlol Lodi—in 1474 or 1475, and subsequently married Rai Mal's daughter
13	Akha or Akhai Rāj I	He is said to have built the fort of Lohiāna (now represented by the village of Jaswantpura in Jodhpur) in 1525
14	Rai Singh	He helped to defend Chitor when besieged by Bahādur Shāh of Gujarāt in 1534 and was killed in a battle with the imperial troops at Bhīnmāl about 1544
15	Udai Singh	The son of Rai Singh he succeeded as a minor, his uncle Dāda acting as regent, and died in 1562. Some authorities do not mention him at all
16	Dāda	
17	Mān Singh II	A son of Dāda; he died at Abu about 1571 perhaps from poison.
18	Surthān	A descendant of Lākha (No 11) the Musalmān historians call him Sarmān or Sultān. He was a reckless and valiant chief who fought in many battles but though repeatedly defeated refused to bow his head to the Mughal some say that he died in 1622 and others in 1610-11







*List of chiefs of Sirohi (continued).*

No	Name			REMARKS
19	Rāj Singh	...	...	The eldest son of Sūrtbhān; he ruled for seven or eight years, and was treacherously killed by his minister.
20	Akhai Rāj II	...	.	He ruled till 1673; his son Udaī Bhān seized the <i>gaddi</i> for a time
21	Udaī Singh	...	..	.
22	Bairī Sāl I	..	...	
23	Dūrjan Singh	..	...	He died in 1705
24	Mān Singh III <i>alias</i> Umed Singh I.			He ruled from 1705 to 1749. His daughter was married to Mahārājā Akhai Singh of Jodhpur in 1730 or 1731.
25	Prithwī Rāj	...	...	He ruled 1749—72
26	Takht Singh	...	..	„ „ 1772—81.
27	Jagat Singh	...	..	„ „ 1781—82.
28	Bairī Sāl II	...	...	„ „ 1782—1808, the Jodhpur chiefs annexed a good deal of Sirohi territory.
29	Udaī Bhān	...	...	He ruled till 1816 when he was deposed by the nobles and people, he died in 1847
30	Sheo Singh	.	...	A brother of Udaī Bhān, he was regent of the State from 1816 to 1847, and chief from 1847 to the 8th December 1862, when he died. A treaty with the British Government was concluded in 1823.

*List of chiefs of Sirohi (concluded).*

No.	Name	REMARKS
31	Umed Singh II	A son of Sheo Singh; he died on the 16th September 1875
32	Keari Singh	The only son of Umed Singh he was born on the 20th July 1857 was invested with full powers on the 24th November 1875 and is still ruling. The title of Maharao was conferred on him as a hereditary distinction in 1889, and he is a K.C.S.I. of 1895 and a G.C.I.E. of 1901





TABLE No XLIII.

*Population, Sirohi State, 1881, 1891 and 1901*

DETAILS	1881	1891.	1901.	REMARKS.
Number of towns	1	1	5	The census of 1901 was the first complete one ever taken in the State In 1881 the Girāsias of the Bhākar (a rugged tract in the south-east) were not counted at all, while in 1891 their number was roughly estimated at 2,860 Again at neither of the earlier enumerations was any attempt made to distinguish between Hindus and Animists
„ „ villages	365	396	408	
Total population ...	142,903	190,836	154,544	
Number of males...	76,132	100,052	81,420	
„ „ females	66,771	90,784	73,124	
„ „ Hindus	123,633	166,486	112,388	
„ „ Animists	...	...	18,126	
„ „ Jains ..	16,137	18,513	17,226	
„ „ Musal- māns.	2,935	5,183	5,938	
„ „ Chris- tians	179	504	624	
(a) European and Eurasian.	} Separate figures not available	389	508	
(b) Native ..		115	116	
Urban population	5,699	6,207	23,367	
Population per square mile.	72.76	97.17	78.69	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i) between 1881 and 1891	...	.. +33.54
(ii) „ 1881 „ 1901	...	... +8.15
(iii) „ 1891 „ 1901	...	... —19.02

## TABLE No XLIV

*Population of Sirohi State in 1901 by districts or tahsil.*

Name of tahsil.	NUMBER OF		POPULATION		Percentage of variation in population between 1891 and 1901.	REMARKS.
	Towns.	Villages.	Total.	Urban.		
Abu .. ..	1	17	5,210	3,483	+ 6.67	
Anādra .. ..	"	14	5,431	"	-31.03	
Bhākar ... ..	"	24	1,681	"	Not available.	
Jhora-Kharāl ..	"	29	17,438	"	-14.11	
Kharāl (Abu Road) ...	1		6,601	6,601	+50.09	This town forms part of no tahsil.
Mandār .. ..	"	50	13,950	"	-25.71	
Magrā ... ..	"	41	10,820	"	-15.61	
Pāmra ... ..	"	48	13,959	"	-27.43	
Pindwāra ... ..	"	50	15,381	"	-25.59	
Posalla .. ..	"	45	19,411	"	-23.75	
Rohara ... ..	"	31	12,249	"	-32.91	
Sāntpur ... ..	"	43	8,000	"	-22.09	
Sheoganj and Erin pura.	2	"	7,567	7,567	+11.83	These two places are not included in any tahsil.
Sirohi .. ..	1	7	6,751	5,651	- 5.89	
Total for State ..	5	408	154,544	23,367	-19.02	







## TABLE No XLV.

*Average retail prices (in seers per rupee) of certain food grains  
in Sirohi since 1888.*

PERIOD	Wheat	Barley	Maize	Gram	Bājra.
1888—90 ...	12	19	20	15	17
1891—1900 (excluding years of famine.)	$10\frac{3}{4}$	18	17	13	$13\frac{1}{4}$
1901 ...	$10\frac{1}{2}$	14	16	13	15
1902 ...	$9\frac{1}{2}$	$13\frac{1}{4}$	$12\frac{1}{2}$	$12\frac{1}{4}$	12
1903 ...	$12\frac{1}{4}$	$16\frac{1}{2}$	$18\frac{1}{8}$	13	$15\frac{1}{2}$
1904 ...	$14\frac{1}{2}$	$22\frac{1}{8}$	$20\frac{1}{2}$	$17\frac{1}{4}$	$15\frac{7}{8}$
1905 ..	12	$17\frac{7}{8}$	$14\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{4}$	$14\frac{1}{8}$
1906 ...	$9\frac{7}{8}$	14	$12\frac{1}{4}$	$10\frac{1}{8}$	12
1907 ...	$9\frac{5}{8}$	15	$13\frac{3}{4}$	$12\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{2}$
1908 ...					
1909 ...					
1910 .					
1911 ...					

## TABLE No XLVI

*List of the leading nobles of the Sirohi State*

Name of estate	Title of holder	Subdivision of sept of holder	Approximate annual income	REMARKS.
			Rs.	
Nāndia	.. Rāj Sahib	Sheo Singhot	4,500	All belong to the Deora sept of the Chauhan clan. The first four occupy the front seats in <i>darbār</i> and receive the double <i>chāra</i> , the Mahārāo rising both on their arrival and departure. The next four are styled <i>Sardars</i> and sit on the right and left of the chief they, together with Nibej also receive the double <i>chāra</i> . In the absence of the Thākur of Pādiv his place in <i>darbār</i> is taken by Nibej the two never attend together Rohuā and Bhatāna, when they come with the Thākur of Nibej are honoured with the double <i>chāra</i> other wise like Māndwāra and Dabāni they receive the single <i>chāra</i> only
Māndār	..	"	6,000	
Ajhri	..	"	3,000	
Māndār	Rāj Sri ..	Zorāwar Singhot	4,000	
Pādiv	.. Thākur Rāj Sri	Dungrawat	8,000	
Kālandāri	..	"	5,000	
Jāwāl	..	"	2,000	
Motāgāon	..	"	3,000	
Nibej	..	Lakhawat ..	10,000	
Rohuā	..	Sangawat	3,000	
Bhatāna	..	Tejawat	1,000	
Māndwāra	..	Dungrawat	2,000	
Dabāni	.. Thākur ..	Lakhawat ..	600	

The only hereditary office-bearer is the Thākur of Pādiv; he binds on the chief's sword when the latter is installed and on State occasions, sits behind him on his elephant. The tribute payable to the Darbār by the above nobles varies from six to eight annas per rupee of their annual income





TABLE No. XLVII

*Sirohi Jail*

YEAR	JAIL POPU- LATION		Daily average number of sick	Number of deaths	Rate of morta- lity per 1,000	REMARKS	
	Daily average	Maxi- mum on any one day					
1881	...	43	..	6	.	...	Cost of maintenance Rs. 970
1886	...	62	73	9	4	64	
1891	...	93	119	12	1	11	Cost of maintenance about Rs. 4,000
1896	...	133	168	8	8	60	
1897	...	103	139	5	...	...	
1898	...	79	96	2	2	25	Cost of maintenance Rs. 5,482
1899	...	80	108	3	4	50	Cost of maintenance Rs 5,521.
1900	...	137	205	6	15	110	Cost of maintenance Rs 7,300
1901	...	112	179	8	6	54	Cost of maintenance Rs 7,100
1902	...	161	209	7	3	19	Cost of maintenance Rs. 8,242.
1903	...	126	141	8	2	16	Cost of maintenance Rs. 5,594
1904	..	118	143	12	...	...	Cost of maintenance Rs 5,800.
1905	...	125	152	7	3	24	Cost of maintenance Rs. 4,129.
1906	...	92	134	4	4	43	Cost of maintenance Rs. 4,340
1907	...	96	118	2	...	...	
1908	...						
1909	...						
1910	...						
1911	..						

The jail in use till 1892 had accommodation for fifty-five prisoners; the new jail, opened in February 1892, can accommodate 135. The figures in the last column are for official years, 1881-82, 1891-92, etc.

TABLE No. XLVIII.

*Schools in the Sirohi State, 1906-07*

Locality	Class.	NUMBER ON ROLLS.		DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.		REMARKS.
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Abu	Secondary (English)	40	6	36	5	High school for European and Eurasian children; it was till recently under private management. It is now being recognised as a school for boys only is to be under the control of a Board of Government Officers, and will receive grants-in-aid from Imperial revenues and from the B B and C. I. Railway
"	"	40	20	47	23	Lawrence school for the children of British soldiers; it is maintained partly from Imperial funds, and partly from private subscriptions fees, and the interest on the endowment.
"	Primary (vernacular).	63	"	52		This is kept up from a small fund raised in 1888 and from private subscriptions the municipal body gives a grant-in-aid.
Abu Road	Primary (English)	21	27	21	20	Maintained by the B B and C. I. Railway for the benefit of the children of their European and Eurasian servants.







*Schools in the Sirohi State, 1906-07 (concluded).*

Locality		Class	NUMBER ON ROLLS		DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE		REMARKS.
			Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls.	
Abu Road	...	Secondary (Anglo-vernacular)	206	10	166	7	High school teaching up to the Matriculation standard of the Allahābād University, it is maintained by the B B and C I Railway and aided by Government
Sirohi	...	Secondary (Anglo-vernacular).	59	.	43	...	The only educational institution kept up by the Darbar, it prepares pupils for the Rājputāna Middle examination and the annual expenditure is about Rs 1,200
Total of six schools ...			438	72	365	60	In addition there are numerous elementary institutions of the indigenous type, such as <i>pāth-shalas</i> , etc, regarding which no particulars are forthcoming

TABLE No XLIX.

*Hospitals dispensaries and vaccination in the Sirohi State.*

PARTICULARS.	1891	1891	1901.	1906.	1907	1908.
Number of hospitals, etc. ..	6	6	9	8	8	
Number of patients treated	(a) 5 140	(a) 11 720	(b) 25 600	35 682	33,970	
Daily average number of—						
(a) In patients ..	(a) 5-53	(a) 9-16	(b) 14-29	20-17	42-01	
(b) Out-patients ..	(a) 58-50	(a) 73-81	(b) 101-20	253-25	321-62	
Number of operations performed.	(a) 286	(a) 822	(b) 1,342	1,500	1 662	
Number of vaccinators employed.	2	3	5	3		
Number of vaccinations performed.	1,372	5 450	3,811	7 457		
Number of successful vaccinations.	1,336	5,249	3,534	7,368		
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1 000 of population	9-35	27 51	22-87	47-67		
Cost per successful case (in pias)	50	18	42	14		

(a) Excluding the Sanitarium and Bājputā Agency hospitals at Abu, and the Regimental hospital at Erinpura, the returns of which were not published.

(b) Excluding the Sanitarium hospital at Abu the Railway hospital at Abu Road, the Regimental hospital at Erinpura, and the Palace dispensary at Sirohi.

NOTE I.—The figures regarding patients treated and operations performed in 1907 are fairly complete—see Table No. L. below

NOTE II.—The figures relating to vaccination are for the official years 1891-92, 1891-92 etc.





TABLE No L.

*List of hospitals and dispensaries in the Sirohi State in 1907.*

Hospital or dispensary.	Maintained by	Accommodation for in-patients	Number of cases treated	DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF		Number of opera- tions performed
				In-pa- tients	Out-pa- tients	
Adams' Memorial hospi- tal, Abu	Government and private sub- scriptions	12	10,629	6 03	75 73	175
Sanitarium hospital, Abu	Government	29	(a) 154	7 66	(a)	(b) 6
Civil hospital, Abu Road	„ and private sub- scriptions	1	6,011	1 83	60 98	372
Railway „ „ „	Rājputana-Māl- wa Railway	7	3,210	2 10	75 70	165
Military „ Erinpura	Government	45	419	11 93	20 10	(b) 5
Sheoganj hospital	Darbar	12	7,360	1 36	11 42	112
Crosthwaite hospital, Sirohi	„	21	6,154	5 61	17 59	197
Palace dispensary, Sirohi	„		( )	(c)	(c)	(c)
Light medical institutions		1	970	42 91	21 2	1652

TABLE No LI.

*Temperature—Bikaner City*  
*(Observatory 771 ft. above sea-level.)*

YEAR.	JANUARY		MAY		July		NOVEMBER.	
	Mean.	Daily range	Mean	Daily range	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range
Average for twenty-one years ending 1901	60.4°	22.8°	95.0°	24.4	91.9	18.1	72.3°	25.4°
1902	62.6°	29.8°	96.4	24.5°	94.2°	19.2°	73.0°	20.8°
1903	58.7°	24.7°	91.5°	22.7°	83.6	17.8	70.8°	29.3°
1904	57.8	25.2°	90.7°	25.0°	83.1	19.1	70.9°	24.2°
1906	55.4°	19.9°	99.6°	31.1°	94.8°	19.8°	75.2	20.5°
1906	56.2°	33.3°	88.6	24.8°	85.1°	19.2°	75.5°	26.4°
1907	64.5°	24.6°	92.5°	24.1	85.6	18.9°	73.0°	28.0°
1908	60.3°	23.4						
1909								
1910								
1911								









**TABLE No LIII**  
*Rainfall—Bikaner City*  
 (in inches)

YEAR.	June.	July	August.	September.	Remain ing eight months	Total for the year
Average of twenty six years ending 1905	1 28	3 04	2 63	1 15	1 84	9 94
1896	1 02	4 35	0 97		2 01	8 95
1897	0 11	5 29	10 51	0 48	0 01	17 30
1898	0 79	2 25	0 50	1 54	3 56	8 64
1899	0 57	0 46		0 11		1 14
1900	0 20	1 02	3 04	3 24	0 81	9 21
1901	0 20	2 58	2 73		1 16	6 67
1902	1 84	0 93	1 42	1 41	0 23	5 83
1903	0 40	4 83	2 44	2 30	0 29	10 26
1904	1 09	0 43	1 43	2 68	2 85	8 48
1905	0 24	0 40		1 68	1 08	3 40
1906	0 72	1 20	3 85	1 99	4 32	12 08
1907	0 87	5 89	11 46		1 29	19 51
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						





## TABLE No LIV

*List of chiefs of Bikaner*

No	Name	Date, remarks, etc
1	Bika .	The sixth son of Rao Jodha of Mārwar; was born in 1439, left Jodhpur in 1465, conquered most of the country to the north, founded Bikaner city in 1488, and died in 1504
2	Naro	Son of Bika; ruled for a few months only.
3	Lūnkaran . .	Another son of Bika, ruled 1504—26
4	Jet Singh	Son of Lūnkaran, ruled till about 1541, when he was killed fighting against Rao Māldeo of Jodhpur
5	Kalyān Singh	Son of Jet Singh, recovered Bikaner fort in 1544, joined the imperial army near Delhi, marched with it to Ajmer, was present at the battle near that city in which Māldeo was defeated by Sher Shāh, gave his daughter in marriage to Akbar in 1570, and died in the following year.
6	Rai Singh .	Son of Kalyān Singh, he was the first Rājā of Bikaner and one of Akbar's most distinguished generals, gave his daughter in marriage to prince Salīm (afterwards the emperor Jahāngīr), built the main fort of Bikaner, and died in 1611
7	Dalpat Singh	Son of Rai Singh, incurred the imperial displeasure, was imprisoned at Ajmer, and was killed while attempting to escape in 1613
8	Sūr Singh .	Another son of Rai Singh, regained the favour of the emperor, and died on service in the Deccan in 1631
9	Karan Singh ...	Son of Sūr Singh, in the struggle for empire between the sons of Shāh Jahān, he threw in his lot with Aurangzeb, subsequently served in the Deccan, where he died (1669)

*List of chiefs of Nikaner (concluded)*

No.	Name	Date remarks, etc.
10	Anūp Singh	Son of Karan Singh served with distinction in the Deccan received the title of <i>Mabārājū</i> and died in 1698
11	Sarūp Singh	Son of Anūp Singh was born in 1689, and died of smallpox in the Deccan in 1700
12	Sūjān Singh	Another son of Anup Singh; died in 1735
13	Zorāwar Singh	Son of Sūjān Singh died in 1745
14	Gaj Singh	Cousin of Zorāwar Singh died in 1788
15	Rāj Singh	Son of Gaj Singh; ruled for only a few days and is said to have been poisoned by his step-mother
16	Pratāp Singh	Son of Rāj Singh ruled for a very short time when he is said to have been murdered by his uncle Sūrat Singh
17	Sūrat Singh	Uncle of Pratāp Singh usurped the <i>gaddi</i> in 1788 captured Bhatner in 1805 concluded a treaty with the British Government in 1818 and died in 1828
18	Ratan Singh	Son of Sūrat Singh; died in 1851
19	Sardār Singh	Son of Ratan Singh did good services during the Mutiny and received the <i>Tibi pargana</i> as a reward died 16th May 1872
20	Dūngar Singh	Succeeded by adoption died 19th August 1887
21	Ganga Singh	Brother of Dūngar Singh born 3rd October 1880 educated at the Mayo College (1889-94) invested with full powers in 1898 and is still ruling. He is a G. C. I. E., a K. C. S. I. and A. D. C. to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, and an honorary Major in the Indian Army he also holds the <i>Kaisar-i Hind</i> medal of the first class







## TABLE No. LV.

*List of Political Agents of Bikaner.*

Name	Period	REMARKS
Captain A. C Talbot .. ...	1884—87	
Captain A P Thornton ... .	1887	(Officiating)
Lieut.-Col V E Law ... ..	1887-88	( Ditto ).
Major A C. Talbot ... ..	1888	
Mr. C. S Bayley ... .	1888-89	
Major A. C Talbot ... .	1889-90	
Mr C. S. Bayley ... ..	1890—94	
Lieut.-Col. W Loch ... ..	1894-95	
Major H M. Temple .. ...	1895-96	
Lieut.-Col H. A Vincent ..	1896—98	
Mr. B Egerton ... ..	1898	(Officiating).
Lieut.-Col H. A Vincent . .	1898-99	
Captain S F Bayley . . . .	1899-1900	(Officiating)
Lieut.-Col H A Vincent ..	1900-01	
Mr. T. C Edwards ... .	1901	
Major J. Manners Smith	1901-02	
Major C F. Minchin . . . .	1902-03	
Major P T Spence ... ..	1903-04	
Major W. C. R Stratton . .	1904-05	
Major A. F Bruce .. ...	1905-06	
Major A. L Duke ... ..	1906	(Officiating)
Lieut.-Col. W H. M. Stewart ...	1906-07	
Major K D Erskine .. .	1907 to date	

NOTE—The names of those who held charge of the current duties for a short time only have been omitted.

TABLE No LVI

*Population, Bikaner State 1881, 1891 and 1901*

Details.	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns	0	0	0	
villages	1 733	1 050	2,101	
Total population	600 021	831 055	584,627	The census of 1881 was not synchronous.
Number of males	293 650	440 046	306 384	
,, females	215 3,1	301,000	278 243	
, Hindus	436 190	724 040	493 534	
, Mussalmāns	50 874	80 020	60 050	
, Jains	21 943	26 268	23 403	
, Sikhs		630	1,481	
,, Christians	14	21	95	
Urban population	77 806	110 323	117,267	
Population per square mile.	21 8	35 7	25 1	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i) Between 1881 and 1891	+03 44
(ii) 1881 1901	+14 85
(iii) 1891 , 1901	—20 73







TABLE No LVIII

Agricultural statistics, Bikaner State in square miles approximately

Year	Area for which returns exist.	Area under sown crops.	Culturable waste and other fallow.	Current fallow.	Area irrigated from					Total irrigated.	Remarks
					Not area cropped.	Canals.	Tanks.	Wells.	Other sources.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1898-99	6,470	121	4,600	159	1,681	18		1	6	24	The table has been prepared from the official publication entitled <i>Agricultural Statistics of Bikaner</i> (nineteenth and twentieth years) it relates only to lands or those under the direct management of the Darbar. The figures in column 6 are mislaid.
1899-1900	6,467	121	4,638	333	1,366	16		1	2	10	Previous to 1901-02 they represented the areas prepared for sowing whether actually sown or not since then only the areas actually sown have been shown.
1900-01	6,467	121	4,718	367	1,261	10		1	71	88	
1901-02	6,467	121	4,223	1,342	771	14		1	11	26	
1902-03	6,612	122	4,969	611	920	10	35	1	2	10	
1903-04	6,639	119	4,882	606	933	10		1	4	20	
1904-05	6,682	119	4,912	659	843	17		1	1	18	
1905-06	6,521	118	4,936	678	789	3		1	2	0	
1906-07	6,606	118	4,846	432	1,110	13		1	20	43	
1907-08											
1908-09											
1909-10											









## TABLE No LX

*Average retail prices (in annas per rupee) of certain food grains and salt in Bikaner since 1872*

Period	Bajra	Gram.	Wheat	Salt
1872—80	16·9	16 6	12 1	*45 4
1881—90	16 5	17 2	11 9	12 6
1891—1900 (excluding years of famine)	15 3	16 3	11 1	11 9
1901	14 4	18·6	11	11 1
1902	12·9	15 4	11 8	11·4
1903	14 3	17 3	12 5	12 9
1904	16 7	20·6	13 1	13 5
1905	18	17	11·2	15 7
1906	11·2	13 4	10 8	16 4
1907	12 5	15 5	9 8	20 5
1908				
1909				
1910				
1911				

\* This is the average for seven years (1873—80). The table has been compiled from the latest issue of *Prices and Wages in India*.





TABLE No. LXI

*The Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway (Bikaner section)*

DETAILS	1892	1901	1905	1906	1907
Mileage open to traffic.	43 5	157 35	245 35	245·35	245 35
Capital outlay to end of year (in rupees).	9,48,622	48,93,535	51,72,406	52,70,205	55,15,481
Gross working expenses (in rupees)	51,643	1,41,178	3,21,094	(1) 6,18,325	(2) 5,44,236
Net revenue (in rupees)	24,904	1,05,697	5,62,383	4,74,514	3,38,372
Percentage of net revenue on capital.	2 63	2 16	10 87	9 00	6·13
Number of passengers carried	49,673	143,737	307,943	471,017	560,114
Tons of goods carried	28,111	79,808	141,075	168,852	152,053
Number of live stock carried	209	426	1,233	868	857

(1) Includes two lakhs placed in a sinking-fund to meet the cost of heavy renewals

(2) Includes Rs. 1,75,000 placed in the above fund

## TABLE No. LXII

*List of Imperial post and telegraph offices in the Bikaner State  
in 1908*

Office.	Class.	REMARKS.
Bikaner	Head office.	
Churu	Sub-office	Also telegraph office.
Hanumāgarh	,	
Nohar	,	
Ratangarh	,	Also telegraph office
Sardārshahr	"	Ditto
Sūjāgarh	"	Ditto
Sūratgarh	"	
Anūpgarh	Branch office	
Bhādra	,	
Bidāsar	,	
Chhāpar	,	
Deohnok	,	
Dūngargarh	,	
Gangasāhar	,	
Lūnkarānsar	,	
Madh	,	Closed on 1st February 1908
Mahājan	"	
Mirzawāla	"	
Momāsar	"	
Napāsar	"	
Pūgal	,	
Rājaldesar	,	
Rājgarh	"	
Ratanagar	"	
Rāwatsar	"	
Reni	,	
Surpura	,	
Tibi	,	
Udairāmsar	"	







## TABLE No. LXIII.

*List of the principal nobles of Bikaner*

Name of estate	Title of holder	Clan and sept of holder	Approximate annual income of estate.	Annual tribute or military cess paid to the Dar-bār	REMARKS
			Rs	Rs	
Mahājan	Thākur	Rāthor, Bikāwat (Ratan Singhot)	55,000	15,371	These four are styled <i>sarāyats</i> , and are held superior to the others. The Bidāsar estate was made <i>khālsa</i> for three years in 1905.
Rāwatsar	Rāwat	Rāthor, Kāndhalot	40,000	11,078	
Bhūkarka	Thākur	Rāthor, Bikāwat (Sarangot)	25,000	8,765	
Bidāsar	"	Rāthor, Bidāwat (Keshodāsot)	25,000	5,599	
Bāe	"	Rāthor, Bikāwat (Sarangot)	25,000	7,537	From Bāe onwards, the estates are given in alphabetical order and not in order of precedence, as there is some dispute about the latter
Bhānūda	"	Rāthor, Kāndhalot (Saundāsot)	7,000	..	
Chārwas	"	Rāthor, Bidāwat (Tej Singhot)	10,000	2,301	
Dadrewa	"	Rāthor, Bikāwat (Prithwī Rājot)	20,000	7,296	
Gariyāla	Rāwat	Bhātī, Derāwar	6,000		
Gopālpura	Thākur	Rāthor, Bidāwat (Tej Singhot)	10,000	2,301	
Jasāna	"	Rāthor, Bikāwat (Sarangot)	32,000	8,350	
Jetpur	Rāwat	Rāthor, Kāndhalot	10,000	2,708	
Jetsisar	Thākur	Ponwār'	7,000	332	
Kanwāri	"	Rāthor, Bidāwat (Khangārot)	8,000	1,545	
Kūchor	"	Rāthor, Kāndhalot (Banīrot)	10,000		
Malkisar	"	Kachwāha, Rājāwat	7,000		
Malsisar	"	Rāthor, Bidāwat (Tej Singhot)	8,000	2,133	
Mānakrāsar	"	Rāthor, Kāndhalot (Saundāsot)	5,000		

*List of the principal nobles of Bikaner—(concluded)*

Name of estate	Title of holder	Clan and sept of holder	Approximate annual income of estate.	Annual tribute or military cess paid to the Dar-bār	REMARKS.
			Rs.	Rs	
Niman	Thākur..	Rāthor Bikaawat (Kishan Singhot)	15 000	3 712	
Pūgal	Rao	Bhātl Pūgalliya	20,000		
Rājputra	Thākur	Rāthor Bikaawat (Dhim Rājot)	20 000	6,573	
Rānāsar	"	Ponwār	7,500	"	
Reri	"	Tonwar	25 000	"	
Sāndwa	"	Rāthor Bikaawat (Manohardāsot)	17 000	4,326	
Sānkhu	"	Rāthor Bikaawat (Kishan Singhot)	35,000	9 963	
Sāronda	"	Rāthor Bikaawat (Mandikaawat)	7 000	2,123	
Sidmukh	"	Rāthor Bikaawat (Sarangot)	18 000	5,299	
Total of twenty-seven nobles			4 74 500	1,07,214	





TABLE No LXIV.

*Bikaner Central Jail.*

YEAR	JAIL POPULATION		Daily average number of sick.	Number of deaths.	Rate of mortality per 1,000	REMARKS.
	Daily average	Maximum on any one day				
1885 ...	237	260	11	5	21	
1891 ..	445	515	3	19	43	
1895 ..	384	419	2	4	10	
1896 ...	396	428	2	4	10	
1897 ..	520	575	1	3	6	
1898 ..	489	538	3	2	4	
1899 ..	534	630	4	7	13	
1900 ..	633	704	5	12	19	
1901 ..	509	571	3	6	12	
1902 ...	507	561	2	3	6	Cost about Rs. 27,000
1903 ...	400	442	2	12	30	Cost about Rs. 22,000
1904 ..	310	315	1	2	6	Cost about Rs. 20,000.
1905 ...	296	328	0 4	3	10	Cost about Rs. 23,000
1906 ...	321	341	1	4	12	Cost about Rs. 21,500.
1907 ...	330	358	1	2	6	..

- In 1885 the jail had accommodation for 131 prisoners and in 1891 for 262, since 1893 there has been accommodation for 590. The figures in the last column are for the official years 1902-03, 1903-04. etc

TABLE No LXV

## Education in the Bikaner State

Institutions	1891-92.		1901-02.		1904-05.		1905-06		1906-07	
	Number of Institutions.	Scholars.	Daily average at Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Scholars	Daily average at Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Scholars.	Daily average at Institutions.	Scholars.
High school (in- cluding vernac- ular branch).	1	553	317	1	544	381	1	390	333	1 416
Girls' school	1	77	36	1	150	83	1	153	91	1 120
Walter Noble school	..	..	..	1	54	23	1	63	50	1 7
Hindi book keep- ing school (at capital).	..	..	..	1	27	20	1	26	26	1 27
Devaki school (at capital).	..	..	..	1	225	160	1	211	179	1 177
Pandori school (at capital).	..	..	..	1	8	12	1	13	13	1 17







Police training school (at capital)	..	.	..	..	..	1	6	5	1	10	9	1	8	10
Branch school (at capital)	1	32	20	..	..	.	..	..	.	.	.	.	.	...
Schools in districts														
(a) anglo-verna- cular	.	.	.	-	.	3	1,260	995	3	136	113	3	} 1,375 1,147	
(b) vernacular	9	(a)	(a)	12	1,187	905	28		28	1,284	970	28		
Grand total	12	(b)	(b)	15	1,935	1,400	38	2,011	1,544	2,304	1,795	38	2,347	1,874

(a) Figures not available

(b) Including figures for vernacular schools in districts

For reasons given at pages 374—75 of Volume III-A this table is misleading; the number of schools has certainly increased since 1902, but not to the extent indicated. Prior to 1904, classes or sections of a school were treated as part and parcel of that school, but they have since been shown as separate institutions. For example, the high school, with its special classes for instruction in bookkeeping, *banika* business, the duties of a patwari, etc., was formerly entered in the returns as one single school, but since 1904 each such class has been held to be a separate school. Similarly, many of the schools in the districts have long had both Hindi and *banika* classes, but the latter have for the last three years been shown as separate institutions. The schools mentioned in this table are all maintained by the Daibār, there have always been many private ones of the indigenous type, but they send in no returns.

## TABLE No. LXVI

List of schools in the Bikaner State, 1906.

Locality	Class	Number on rolls	Daily average attendance	REMARKS.
Bhādra	Hindi primary	53	47	All these schools are maintained by the Durbār at an annual cost of about Rs 31 000. There are in addition numerous institutions of the indigenous type such as <i>patā shālas</i> kept up by private individuals or communities but they are not under departmental control. A <i>banika</i> school, it should be explained, is one in which instruction is given in mental arithmetic and the general system of mercantile business and accounts as conducted in Mār wārī characters. It will be seen that more than half of the boys were borne on the rolls of these <i>banika</i> school. The girls school at the capital is the only one of the kind in the State.
"	<i>Banika</i> "	47	42	
Bhinkār	" "	88	61	
Biddār	" "	45	37	
Bikaner	Anglo-vernacular secondary	396	333	
"	Hindi book keeping	26	26	
"	<i>Banika</i> primary	211	179	
"	<i>Patedra</i> school	13	13	
"	Police training	10	9	
"	Water Nobles school	68	69	
"	Lady Elgin girls school	108	94	
Chhāpar	<i>Banika</i> primary	36	37	
Deshnok	" "	67	50	
"	Hindi	5	18	
Dungargarh	" "	27	18	
"	<i>Banika</i> "	53	36	
Hauumāngarh	" "	41	30	
Momāsar	" "	30	22	
Nohar	" "	72	53	
"	Hindi	22	16	
Rājaldesar	" "	33	22	
"	<i>Banika</i> "	64	47	
Rājgarh	Anglo-vernacular secondary	58	52	
"	Hindi primary	28	25	





*List of schools in the Bikaner State (concluded).*

Locality	Class	Number on rolls	Daily average attend- ance	REMARKS
Rājgarh	<i>Banika</i> primary	61	54	
Ratanagar	" "	50	36	
"	Hindi "	31	22	
Reni ..	" " "	38	29	
"	<i>Banika</i> "	36	28	
Sardārshahr	" "	75	61	
"	Hindi ,	25	20	
"	Anglo-vernacular secondary	45	37	
Sūjāgarh	"	33	24	
"	Hindi primary	25	18	
"	<i>Banika</i>	100	71	
Sūratgarh	"	62	45	
"	Hindi	31	23	
Tibi ..	Urdu	18	12	
Thirty-eight schools		2,304	1,795	

NOTE—The figures for the year ending 30th September 1907 have since been published. The number of schools remained unchanged, but the number of pupils on the rolls increased to 2,347 (including 250 girls), while the daily average attendance rose to 1,874 (of whom 148 were girls). The greater popularity of the girls' school is noteworthy.

TABLE No LXVII.

*Hospitals and dispensaries in the Bikaner State*

PARTICULARS.	1881	1891	1901	1906.	1907
Number of hospitals and dispensaries	2	15	17	18	18
Number of patients treated	3,326	(b) 54 626	(f) 123,123	(i) 122 005	(i) 122 283
Daily average number of—					
(a) In patients	11	88	(f) 91	(i) 76	(i) 74
(b) Out patients	45	(c) 567	(g) 1 137	(i) 886	(i) 880
Number of operations performed	364	(d) 4 817	(g) 8 128	(i) 8 761	(i) 8 361
Expenditure by the Darbār	(a) Rs 1 089	(e) 21 015	(h) 32 197	(i) 40,543	(i) 37,347

(a) Excluding cost of the hospital attached to the jail which is charged to that institution

(b) Excluding patients treated at the Agency dispensary—number not available.

(c) Excluding figures for the Agency Dūngargarh and Palace dispensaries and the Jail hospital which are not available

(d) Excluding operations (if any) performed at the Agency Dūngargarh and Palace dispensaries

(e) This is the cost of eleven institutions only; cost of those mentioned in (c) *supra* is not known

(f) Excluding figures for Dūngargarh and Imperial Service camel corps hospitals

(g) Excluding figures for Dūngargarh Imperial Service camel corps and Jail hospitals.

(h) This is the cost of fourteen institutions only i.e. of all save the three mentioned in (g) above

(i) Figures for Palāna colliery dispensary are not available.







TABLE No. LXVIII.

*List of hospitals and dispensaries in the Bikaner State in 1907.*

Hospital or dispensary	Accommodation for in-patients	Number of cases treated	Daily average number of		Number of opera- tions per- formed	Maintained by
			In-patients	Out-patients		
Bhādra hospital	7	4,377	2 03	30 11	127	All are maintained by the Bika- ner Darbār
Bhagwān Dās hospi- tal, Bikaner	70	28,629	39 43	289 02	3,061	
Ganga Rīsāla hospi- tal, Bikaner	20	2,376	5 56	14 50	28	
Central jail hospital, Bikaner	11	1,701	0 42	22 79		
Agency dispensary, Bikaner		3,148		20 51	41	
Palace dispensary, Bikaner		8,791		24 07	353	
Bhagwān Dās hospi- tal, Churu.	15	9,042	6 16	69 60	694	
Dūngargarh hospital	5	5,510		15 09	129	
Hanumāngarh hos- pital	7	4,172	2 56	27 50	439	
Hanumāngarh rail- way dispensary.		1,380	0 13	10 84	26	
Nohar hospital	7	6,818	1 45	53 07	614	
Palāna colliery dis- pensary		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	
Rājgarh hospital .	7	7,722	5 96	38 40	698	
Ratangarh „	7	7,298	2 01	49 17	602	
Reni „	7	3,780	0 96	37 80	375	
Sardārshahr „	7	7,473	3 38	47 19	670	
Sūjāngarh „	7	12,910	2 19	91 82	1,004	
Sūratgarh „	7	7,156	1 89	44 13	490	
Total of eighteen institutions.	184	122,283	74 13	885 61	9,351	

(a) Figures not available.

TABLE No LXIX

*Vaccination in the Bilaner State.*

PARTICULARS	1881	1891-02	1901-02	1905-06	1906-07
Number of vaccinators employed	1	15	18	11	11
Number of vaccinations performed.	115	19,361	18,192	23,615	21,906
Number of successful vaccinations	108	19,304	17,953	23,471	21,800
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population	0.21	23.23	30.71	40.15	37.29
Total expenditure	Rs 115	1,372	2,635	2,790	2,761
Cost per successful case (in pias)	204	13	28	28	24

